

Supplementary Table 4. Estimated proportion of awareness, treatment, and control within targeted glycosylated hemoglobin in young adults with diabetes

Variable	Awareness ^a , %	Treatment rate ^b , %	Control rate ^c , %	
			HbA1c <6.5 %	HbA1c <7.0 %
19-39 years				
Total	43.3 ± 5.0	34.6 ± 4.3	29.6 ± 4.7	49.9 ± 4.9
Men	46.3 ± 6.4	35.1 ± 5.9	27.8 ± 6.0	40.0 ± 6.3
Women	38.1 ± 6.3	33.9 ± 6.0	32.8 ± 7.0	67.1 ± 7.1
19-29 years				
Total	27.1 ± 7.5	16.5 ± 5.3	26.2 ± 8.3	51.6±9.5
Men	36.6 ± 11.5	17.6 ± 8.6	35.1 ± 11.2	49.6 ± 11.7
Women	15.0 ± 4.6	15.0 ± 4.6	14.8 ± 10.9	54.1 ± 15.5
30-39 years				
Total	49.0 ± 5.8	41.0 ± 5.2	30.8 ± 5.7	49.4 ± 5.8
Men	49.1 ± 7.5	40.3 ± 6.9	25.6±7.0	37.2 ± 7.3
Women	48.6 ± 7.5	42.5 ± 7.4	41.0 ± 7.9	73.0 ± 6.7

Values are presented as mean ± standard error.

HbA1c, glycosylated hemoglobin.

 $^{^{}a}$ Awareness of diabetes mellitus was defined as the percentage of individuals previously diagnosed with diabetes mellitus among individuals with diabetes mellitus, b Treatment rate of diabetes mellitus was defined as the percentage of individuals receiving antidiabetic medications among individuals with diabetes mellitus, c Control rate of diabetes mellitus was defined as the percentage of individuals with glycosylated hemoglobin <6.5% or <7.0% among individuals with diabetes mellitus.