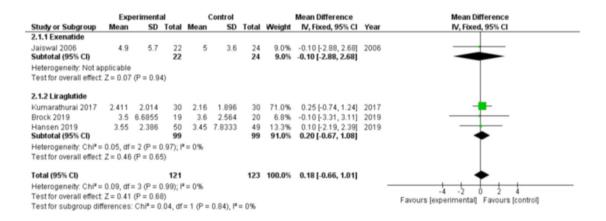


Supplementary Fig. 1. Low frequency/high frequency (LF/HF) ratio standard mean difference after the glucagon-like peptide 1 receptor chronic administration, dividing studies on the basis of the type of diabetes considered (standard mean difference, -0.03; 95% confidence interval [CI], -0.26 to 0.20; $I^2=0\%$; P=0.080). SD, standard deviation; IV, inverse variance; T1DM, type 1 diabetes mellitus; T2DM, type 2 diabetes mellitus.



Supplementary Fig. 2. Low frequency/high frequency (LF/HF) ratio ratio difference after the glucagon-like peptide 1 receptor chronic administration comparing study and control groups. Comparing study and control groups, no differences in the LF/HF ratio after treatment were observed (mean difference, 0.18; 95% confidence interval [CI], -0.66 to 1.01; $I^2=0\%$; P=0.680). SD, standard deviation; IV, inverse variance.