S2 Table. Definitions of analyzed imaging characteristics

| Imaging finding | Definition |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Tumor size | The longest diameter in the axial image |
| Tumor margin | Smooth, a smooth tumor-normal liver parenchyma interface; |
| | nonsmooth, focal or multifocal outgrowth of tumors |
| | protruding into the nontumor liver parenchyma |
| Infiltrative appearance | Tumor with noncircumscribed margins and a permeative |
| | growth pattern |
| APHE | Nodular, mass-like, or thick irregular enhancement in arterial- |
| | phase more than in the liver |
| Rim enhancement | Thin peripheral enhancement in the tumor |
| Washout appearance | Reduction in enhancement from earlier to later phase |
| | resulting in hypoenhancement relative to liver |
| Intratumoral necrosis | Area within the tumor completely lacking enhancement |
| Peritumoral bile duct dilatation | Peripheral or upstream bile duct dilatation by the tumor |
| Tumor-in-vein | Unequivocal enhancing soft tissue in vein |
| Multifocality | Tumor involvement in other segments or contralateral lobe |

APHE, arterial-phase hyperenhancement.