Variables	Metachronous recurrence (n=124)		
	No (n=104)	Yes (n=20)	p-value
Age (yr)	61.8±8.5	63.6±6.6	0.385
Male sex	70 (67.3)	13 (65.0)	0.841
Follow-up duration (day)	1,601.5±429.2	1,051.2±620.6	< 0.001 ^{a)}
No. of endoscopic follow-up	5.5 ± 2.2	3.8±2.0	0.002^{a}
Helicobacter pylori positive	38 (36.9)	5 (25.0)	0.307
Current or ex-smoker (n=120)	47 (46.5)	8 (42.1)	0.842
Current or ex-drinker (n=120)	53 (52.5)	10 (52.6)	0.996
Family history of GC in 1° relatives (n=120)	20 (19.8)	2 (10.5)	0.338
Body mass index (kg/m ²)	24.3±3.3	24.2±3.3	0.849
Education (n=120)			
Elementary-Middle-High	56 (63.6)	6 (46.2)	0.227
University	32 (36.4)	7 (53.8)	
Pathology of initial lesion			
Low-grade dysplasia	28(26.9)	8 (40.0)	< 0.001 ^{a)}
High-grade dysplasia	3 (2.9)	5 (25.0)	
Adenocarcinoma	73 (70.2)	7 (35.0)	
OLGA stage (n=47)			
Stage 0	8 (20.0)	1 (14.3)	0.714
Stage 1	8 (20.0)	3 (42.9)	
Stage 2	10 (25.0)	1 (14.3)	
Stage 3	10 (25.0)	1 (14.3)	
Stage 4	4 (10.0)	1 (14.3)	
OLGIM stage (n=121)			
Stage 0	17 (16.8)	1 (5.0)	0.571
Stage 1	18 (17.8)	5 (25.0)	
Stage 2	34 (33.7)	6 (30.0)	
Stage 3	20 (19.8)	4 (20.0)	
Stage 4	12 (11.9)	4 (20.0)	
Synchronous EGCs/dysplasia ^{b)}	10 (9.6)	5 (25.0)	0.053
MOS methylation level (%)	38.9±15.9	49.8 ± 20.7	0.009^{a}
MOS methylation high ^{c)}	36 (36.4)	12 (60.0)	0.049 ^{a)}

S1 Table. Characteristics of the study subjects at baseline according to metachronous recurrence (n=124)

p-values were calculated using chi-square test or Student's t test. EGC, early gastric cancer; GC, gastric cancer; OLGA, operative link on gastritis assessment; OLGIM, operative link on gastric intestinal metaplasia assessment. ^{a)}Statistically significant, ^{b)}Synchronous lesions were defined as secondary dysplasia or cancers detected within 1 year after initial diagnosis, ^{c)}MOS methylation high was defined as a level of methylation above the cutoff value (35.82%) determined by receiver operating curve analysis.