### **Appendix 1.** Patient decision aids (English version).



# Which reversal muscle relaxant agent should I choose after general anesthesia?



#### The process of general anesthesia

During general anesthesia, anesthesiologists usually administer a muscle relaxant to make sure the patient is paralysed rapidly. This enables them to safely perform endotracheal intubation, which helps the operation process. After completion of the surgery, anesthesiologists administer a muscle relaxant reversal agent at the appropriate time to reverse residual paralysis under natural metabolism, thereby helping the patients gain their baseline muscle power.



## **Traditional type of reversal agents**

Traditional reversal agents improve the patients' recovery from paralysis but take longer to complete reversal. They are also associated with more frequent incidence of complications, including residual paralysis, which cause delayed extubation and related complications, vomiting, blurry vision, abdominal cramping, bradycardia, and even cardiac arrest.



#### What is sugammadex

Sugammadex is a newer muscle relaxant reversal agent that acts directly against muscle relaxant molecules in the plasma, thus helping the patients to rapidly and safely regain their muscle power. This eliminates the risk of residual paralysis due to high-dose muscle relaxants.



	No.			
Neostigmine (traditional type)	Comparison	Sugammadex (new type)		
Increases neuromuscular transmitter concentration, stimulates muscle contraction	Mechanism	Combines directly with and blocks the muscle relaxant		
Slow (7.5–10.8 min)	Time to meet 90% recovery of muscle power	Rapid (1.6–2.2 min)		
High	Incidence of residual paralysis	Extremely low		
High	Incidence of respiratory complications	Low		
More common	Risk of bradycardia or hypotension	Nearly none		
High	Postoperative nausea or vomiting	Low		
High	Postoperative dry mouth	Low		
Headache, urinary retention, blurry vision, diarrhea	Other adverse effects	Dysgeusia, oral contraceptives dysfunction, headache		
End-stage renal disease	Highly suggestive situations	Older adults, obesity, endoscopy surgery, fine surgery (brain, eye, and spinal cord)		
None	Contraindications	End-stage renal disease		
Included in Taiwan's National Health Insurance	Fee	Self-paid (6000–9000 NTD)		

# Please answer the following questions to help you make your decisions.

		1000				1 3	3 76
A. How much do you know about th	ne revers	al agents	now?			J. Z	35
a. Newer reversal agents, such as su	ıgamma	dex, can r	everse th	ne paraly	sis	(30)	
status faster and completely.	□ Ye	s 🗆 No	0   N	ot sure			5
b. Traditional reversal agents, such as neostigmine, affect the cardiovascular							
system more than sugammade:	x. 🗆 Ye	s 🗆 No	o 🗆 No	ot sure			28
c. Newer reversal agents, such as su	gamma	dex, have	a lower i	ncidence	of advers	se effects.	
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure							
				10.00			
B. Which parts do you care about th		0001 00010	edical int	erventio	n?		
> 1 is 'not at all important' and 5 is '	very imp	ortant.'					
	5	4	3	2	1		
Time to recover							
Incidence of residual paralysis							
Cardiovascular adverse effects							
Economical concern							
C. Do you receive enough support d	uring de	cision-m	aking?				
a. I need to discuss this with my family sufficiently. $\ \square$ Yes $\ \square$ No							
b. I need to make sure if my health insurance includes the self-paid medications. $\ \square$ Yes $\ \square$ No							
c. I have already received sufficient information for my decision after consulting with the							
physicians. ☐ Yes ☐ No							
D. Your decision.							
☐ Use sugammadex, the newer reve	real ago	nt					
☐ Use neostigmine, the traditional r				بطم بيمم ط	. ai ai ara		
☐ I can't make my decision now and	need to	discussi	nore wit	n my pny	ysician.		
E. References							
a . The comparative efficacy and safety of sugammadex and neostigmine in reversing neuromuscular blockade in							
adults. A Cochrane systematic review with meta-analysis and trial sequential analysis. Anaesthesia 2018, 73: 631-41.							
b. Efficacy and safety of sugammadex versus neostigmine in reversing neuromuscular blockade in adults. Cochrane							
Database of Systematic Reviews 2017, Issue 8. Art. No.: CD012763.							
				Taipe	ei Medical Univei	sity-Shuang Ho Ho	spital