

14, 3, 2001 7

The Journal of the Korean Society of Fractures  
Vol.14, No.3, July, 2001

가

&lt; &gt;

:

: 1995 7 1998 12 43 50

: 50 32 (64%)

Sanders

(p = 0.001). Sanders

(p = 0.045)

, Bohler

Bohler

가

(p = 0.001).

Essex-Lopresti

가

. 1 2

가

: Sanders

가

Bohler

가 가

:

4 (705-718)

가

Tel : (053) 650-4277

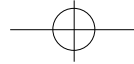
Fax : (053) 650-4272

E-mail : dkshin@cuth.cataegu.ac.kr

\*

2000





19 가24 . Essex-Lopresti (4)

(10,16,12) 가 24 26 Sanders (17) II 25 (

IIA 9 , IIB 14 , IIIC 2 ), III 20 ( IIIAB 6 ,

IIIAC 6 , IIIBC 8 ), IV 5

가7 .

(17,18,6,23) 가 Bohler , (axial view) Brodens ,

3

(Fig 1A). 가 2

가 1 19 8.9 .

가 Sanders (17,18)

1995 7 1998 12 .

1 6 (Fig 1C, Fig 2C).

가가 43 50 3.5mm (reconstruction plate)

. 43 가 39 , 가4 가41 , H- 가6 .

10:1 18 68 38.6 H- 가2 ,

30 가 13 (43%) 가 . 60 1/3 가1 (Fig 2B).

가14

가

2 2 . 50 가37 44 51

6 6 . 48

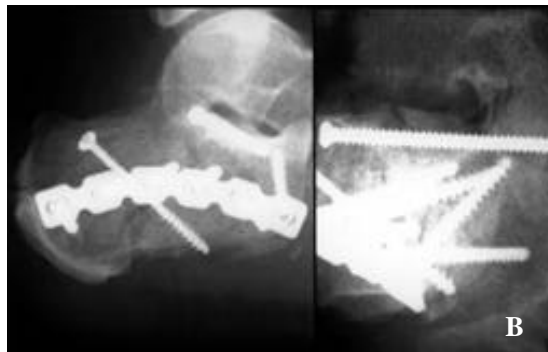
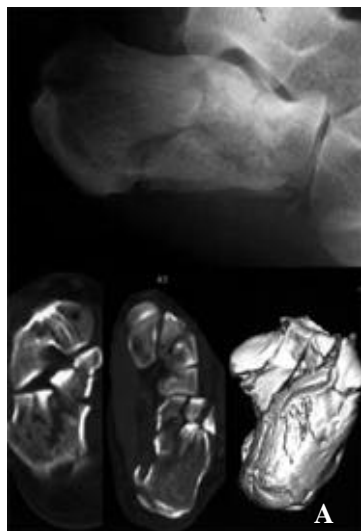
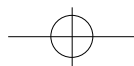
가34 (79%) , 5 ,

4 . 16 (37%),

20 (47%), 7 (16%) , 2 4

6 , 3 , 2

1 . 43 가



**Fig 1A.** A 38-year-old man with Sander type IV calcaneal fracture. Initial lateral radiograph shows intraarticular calcaneus fracture. CT film shows Sanders type IV fracture but displacement of articular fragments looks somewhat benign. Another section shows displaced calcaneocuboid joint involvement. 3-dimensional reconstruction film shows more accurate fracture pattern.

**1B.** Radiographs of postoperative 4 weeks shows well reduced Bohler angle, calcaneal height but reduction of posterior facet is unsatisfactory.

**1C.** Lateral and axial films of postoperative 15 month show well maintained reduction but Brodens film shows unacceptable malreduced fragment and slight arthritic change. Subtalar motion was markedly reduced. But overall clinical result was Good.



8

12

가

.

가

가

가

가

7

14

가

Brodens  
mm

가

, Bohler

가

.

가

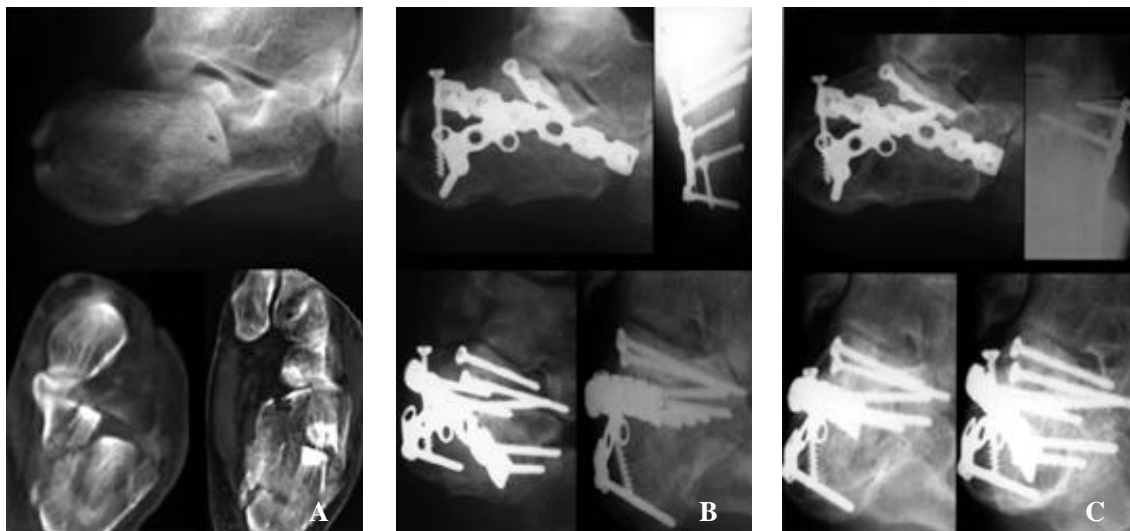
4-6

12

49

19

가



**Fig 2A.** A 36-year-old man with calcaneal fracture due to fall down from second floor. Initial lateral film shows comminuted intraarticular calcaneal fracture. CT film shows Sanders type IV fracture and calcaneocuboid joint involvement.

**2B.** The fractures was fixed with reconstruction plate and cervical plate. Postoperative 6weeks film shows well reduced calcaneal height, width and Bohler angle and Brodens films show anatomically reduced posterior facet.

**2C.** On the postoperative 16 month film, the reduction and fixation is well maintained and there is no evidence of posttraumatic arthritis. On the anteroposterior film, most anterior screw penetrated the calcaneocuboid joint. But the subtalar motion was well maintained. Overall clinical result was Good.

Thordason	Krieger <sup>(23)</sup>	Functional outcome assessment	가 17	가 33	가
, 70	90	, 80	120%	108%	, 73%
33	가	18	59	97%	. Bohler 3.5
			21.9	1mm	가 32 (64%), 3mm
			15 (30%), 3mm	가 3	
linear association	Fisher's exact test	Liner by	(6%)	(Table2). Sanders	II 25 20 III IV 5
p<0.05			20 11		
			1		
			Sanders		



444 • / 14 3

**Table 1.** Relationship between the Sanders classification and accuracy of reduction.

	TypeII	TypeIII	TypeIV	Total
< 1mm	20	11	1	32
1-3mm	5	8	215	
> 3mm	0	1	2	3
Total	25	20	5	50

(Linear by linear association,  $p=0.001$ )**Table 2.** Relationship between the Sanders classification and clinical result.

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Total
TypeII	8	11	6	0	25
TypeIII	6	6	6	2	20
TypeIV	0	2	2	1	5
Total	14	19	14	3	50

(Linear by linear association,  $p=0.045$ )**Table 3.** Relationship between the Essex-Lopresti classification and clinical result.

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Total
Joint depression	8	12	6	0	26
Tongue	6	7	8	3	24
Total	14	19	14	3	50

(Fisher's exact test,  $p=0.221$ )

가 (Table 1, 가

$p=0.001$ ).

Essex-Lopresti (Table 3,  $p=0.221$ ).

26 19

24 13 32 27 3mm

0

3 가

( $p=0.149$ ).

14 , 19 , 14

3 66%

. Sanders 가 (p=0.212).

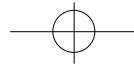
II 25 19 III 20 51 6

12 IV 5 2 1 4 1 50

가 (Table 2,  $p=0.045$ ). 가 ( $p=0.212$ ).

Essex-Lopresti 26 20

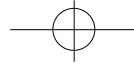
24 13 가 4

**Table 4.** Relationship between the accuracy of posterior facet reduction and clinical result.

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Total
< 1 mm	13	14	5	0	32
1-3mm	1	5	8	1	15
> 3 mm	0	0	1	2	3
Total	14	19	14	3	50

(Linear by linear association,  $p=0.001$ )

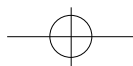
4 가 1990 (8,14) Sanders (sloughing) (17) 가 (18,5,1) 가 (dehiscence) 가 Crosby Fitzgibbon<sup>(3)</sup> Paley Hall<sup>(9)</sup> 가 11 1 가 Essex-Lopresti<sup>(4)</sup> Bohler (11) 가 (22) 가 (4,15,13,10,21) 가 (22) 가 (p=0.149) Sanders (p=0.221). Sanders 가 (p=0.001) Sanders (17,18), (2), Thermann<sup>(22)</sup> Sanders 가



446 •

/ 14 3

Sanders II 가 Sanders (18)  
 25 (13 ) (12 ) Meyerson<sup>(7)</sup> Thermann (22) IV  
 (p=0.313). Essex-  
 Lopresti 가  
 Sanders 가  
 가 Bohler lever arm 가  
 가 II 가 15 3  
 III 80% 가 33 2  
 55% IV 20% 가 가  
 가 64% 가 가  
 (Fig 1).  
 (17,18), Thordarson Krieger<sup>(23)</sup> Leung (6) Sander 50 1  
 (20)  
 가 7  
 Crobys Fitzgibbons<sup>(3)</sup> 2mm 5 가 (Fig 1A, 가)  
 가 Fig 2A). Sanders  
 가 . Thordarson Krieger<sup>(23)</sup> 25 4  
 IV  
 (20) 2 1 1 2mm  
 5 1 Sanders (18) 11  
 (19)  
 IV 가 가  
 가 가  
 15



Bohler

15

. IV

(Fig 1C, Fig 2C).

가

가

가가

가

Thordarson Krieger<sup>(23)</sup> Functional Outcome  
Assessment 가

가

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가 AOFAS hindfoot score  
(23).

가

Brodens

가

가

Brodens

CT

Thermann<sup>(22)</sup> Brodens

Brodens

가

1995 7 1998 12

43 50

Sanders

가

가

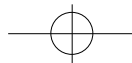
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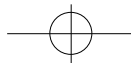
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## Abstract

## Operative Treatment of Intraarticular Calcaneus Fractures with extensile lateral approach

Dong-Kyu Shin, M.D., Yong-Woon Kim, M.D.

*Department of Orthopedic Surgery, School of Medicine  
Catholic University of Taegu, Taegu, Korea*

**Purpose :** Through the analysing intraarticular calcaneal fractures operated with extensile lateral approach and lateral plate fixation we tried to find the factors related to the result and to prove the usefulness of this treatment method.

**Material and Method :** We reviewed 50 intraarticular calcaneal fractures which were treated with this method between July 1995 and December 1998. We analysed the relationship between the fracture type and the accuracy of posterior facet reduction and between the accuracy of reduction and the clinical result. We also analysed the complication rate.

**Result :** We gained anatomical reduction in 64% among all cases. There was significant relationship statistically between the Sanders fracture type and accuracy of reduction( $p=0.001$ ). There were also significant relationship statistically between the Sanders fracture type and the clinical result( $p=0.045$ ) and between the accuracy of reduction and clinical result( $p=0.001$ ). It was also possible to regain the calcaneal height, width and Bohler angle through this treatment method. There was only one wound complication which was skin necrosis and was treated with dressing and finally skin graft.

**Conclusion :** Sanders classification was very useful and reasonable for this kind of fracture. The accuracy of reduction of posterior facet was very important to clinical result. This treatment method for the calcaneal fracture was useful in the term of regain of anatomical components of calcaneus such as posterior facet congruency, calcaneal height, width and Bohler angle with acceptable rate of serious complication.

**Key word :** calcaneus, intraarticular fracture, extensile lateral approach

**Address reprint requests to** \_\_\_\_\_

Dong-Kyu Shin  
Daemyungdong, Namgu, Taegu, Korea, Catholic medical center  
Tel : 053-650-4277  
Fax : 053-650-4272  
E-mail : dkshin@cuth.cataegu.ac.kr