

관상동맥 질환 환자에서 위험인자로서 Homocysteine 혈중 농도와 대사 효소의 유전형 변이

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Plasma Homocysteine Concentration and Genotype Variation of Enzyme as Risk Factors in Patients with Coronary Artery Disease

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ABSTRACT

Background and Objectives : Increased plasma homocysteine (tHcy) has been implicated as an independent risk factor for coronary artery disease (CAD), but the relationship has not been firmly established. The present study's aim was to determine the difference of plasma homocysteine between patients with CAD and normal controls, and to identify the relation between plasma homocysteine and the genotype variation of its metabolic enzyme, and the serological characteristics. **Methods :** Plasma homocysteine, fasting and post-methionin loading, folate and vitamin B12 were measured among 149 patients and 80 control subjects. Both group consisted of those patients younger than 65 years. Frequencies of prevalent mutations of enzymes involved in homocysteine metabolism, cytosine to thymidine transition (C 677T) of methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) was determined by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) in 85 patients and 47 controls. **Results :** There was no significant difference in homocysteine level between patients and the control group (fasting tHcy ; 10.4 ± 3.6 vs 11.4 ± 8.4 ng/ml, post-methionine loading tHcy ; 18.8 ± 4.9 vs 17.2 ± 9.5 ng/ml, $p > 0.05$ respectively). The genotype frequency of MTHFR C 677T was similar between the two groups. The plasma homocysteine level did not appear to vary with genotypes of MTHFR either in patients or control subjects. Multiple linear regression analysis identified smoking as the most significant factor affecting plasma homocysteine level, followed by age, MTHFR genotype, obesity, and folate level. **Conclusion :** Homocysteine concentration was not different between the controls and patients with CAD. Significant variation of homocysteine level according to genotypic polymorphism of metabolism enzymes was not observed. On multiple linear regression, several factors were identified to be related to homocysteine level, including MTHFR genotype. Further study is

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warranted to clarify the significance of homocysteine in the development of CAD. (**Korean Circulation J 2001;31(8):757-766**)

KEY WORDS : Homocysteine · Coronary artery disease · Methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase · Genotype variation.

서론

Homocysteine sulfur⁸⁾ homocysteine, folate

homocysteinuria¹⁾ HFR 677 MT - cytosine (C677T)

homocysteine²⁻⁵⁾ homocysteine thymidine alanine valine (thermolabile)⁹⁾¹⁰⁾

Homocysteine methionine MTHFR homozygote mutant 5~17%¹⁰⁻¹²⁾ 13.5%

sulfur remethylation¹³⁾ CBS 90¹⁴⁾

methionine transsulfuration cy - tosine 8 exon 68 (844ins68) 833 thymidine cy - (T833C) 11.7%

eine²⁷⁾ Remethylation homocysteine¹⁵⁾ homocysteine homocysteinemia

teinemia⁶⁾ Homocysteine, homocys - 가

(substance) Re - homocyst - methylation cycle carbon donor 5 - eine

methylenetetrahydrofolate¹⁶⁻¹⁸⁾ methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase(MTHFR)¹⁹⁻²¹⁾ MT -

amin B₁₂가 folate cofactor vit - HFR homozygote mutant가¹⁰⁾¹³⁾

cystathionine - synthase(CBS)²¹⁾²²⁾ ho -

cofactor vitamin B₆가⁷⁾ mocysteine

가, congenital ho -

mocysteinuria homocysteine homocysteinemia,

folate, vitamin B₁₂ 가 23-27)

(case - control) ,

homocysteine

MTHFR

homocysteine

방 법

대 상

1999 2 11

65 149

80 ,

1)

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가

3

, , , ,

nicotinic acid, th -

eophylline, methotrexate, L - Dopa

homocysteine

BMI(Kg/m²)

방 법

12 , ho -

homocysteine, folate, vitamin B₁₂

homocysteine Homocysteine assay kit(Ab -

bott Laboratorites, USA) MEIA(microparticle en -

zyme immunoassay) , folate Vitamine B₁₂

assay kit(Chiron Diagnostics, USA)

CLIA(Chemiluminescence Immunoassay)

. Homocysteine methionine

(100 mg/Kg) 2 .

homocysteine

가

MTHFR C677T (85 47

) . MTHFR C677T

High Pure PCR templ -

ate preparation kit(Quiagen) DNA

primer(sense primer : 5 ' - TGAAGGAG -

AAGGTGTCTGCGGGA - 3 ' , antisense primer : 5 ' - AGGACGGTGCGGTGAGAGTG - 3 ')¹⁰⁾

198 bp DNA²⁸⁾

Hinf I 2%

agarose gel ethidium bromide

198 bp

band homozygote mutant 175 bp

band heterozygote mutant 198

175 bp band (Fig. 1).

SAS

± , (%)

student t - test

Cochran - Mantel -

Haenszel(CMH) test . homocys -

teine

multiple linear regression analysis

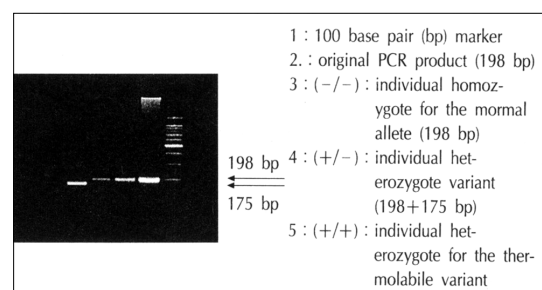


Fig. 1. Genotype Determination by gel electrophoresis of MTHFR (Methylenetetrahydrofolate Reductase) C677T variant.

homocysteine
(frequency distribution)
(skewness) 24)
log
p 0.05

결 과

대상군의 임상적인 특징

149 30 68
51 56.2
55.7 가 67.8%
55.0%

(Table 1).

혈중 Homocysteine과 비타민의 농도

homocysteine 10.4 ± 3.6 ng/
ml, 9.5 ± 3.1 ng/ml 가
, methionine homocysteine
18.8 ± 4.9 ng/ml, 17.2 ± 8.4 ng/ml
가 . Folate vitamin B₁₂
가 (Table 2).

MTHFR 효소의 유전형 분포

MTHFR 85 47
31.8%, heteroz -
ygote mutant 51.8%, homozygote mutant 16.5%

Table 1. Baseline clinical characteristics

	Patients	Control
No.	149	80
Age	56.2 ± 9.1	55.7 ± 8.1
Sex (F/M)	48/101	36/44
Dx (AP/UA/MI)	30/68/512	
HT*	56	7
DM*	32	8
Smoking*	82	24
Obesity*	25	5

* : p<0.05, Sex (F/M) : Sex (Female/Male)
SA/UA/MI : Stable Angina/Unstable Angina/Myocardial
Infarction

42.6%, 36.2%, 21.3%
MTHFR
(CMH test 2.94, p = 0.229) (Table 3).

MTHFR 유전형 변이에 따른 homocysteine과 folate 농
도 변화

MTHFR folate
, 가 ,
homocysteine MTHFR homo -
zygote mutant 가
(Table 4).

혈중 Folate 농도와 MTHFR 유전형 변이에 따른 ho-
mocysteine 농도 변화

homocysteine MTHFR
folate 가
12)22) folate
(4 : <4.85 ng/ml),

Table 2. Laboratory findings of patients and control groups

	Patients	Control
tHcy (F) (nmo./ml)	10.4 ± 3.6	11.4 ± 8.4
tHcy (M) (nmo./ml)	18.8 ± 4.9	17.2 ± 9.5
Folate (ng/ml)	7.9 ± 4.2	6.3 ± 2.9
Vit. B ₁₂ (pg/ml)	588.6 ± 221.1	694.6 ± 282.7
Total Chol. (mg/dl)	196.3 ± 39.5	85.2 ± 44.7
TG (mg/dl)	160.1 ± 77.3	187.8 ± 115.3
HDL-C (mg/dl)	42.4 ± 10.1	47.2 ± 8.4

tHcy (F) : plasmal homocysteine level in fasting state
tHcy (M) (nmo./ml) : plasma homocysteine level after
methionine loading
Vit. B₁₂ : Vitamine B₁₂, Total Chol. : Total cholesterol
TG : triglyceride, HDL : HDL-cholesterol

Table 3. Frequency of MTHFR genotype

	Patients n (%)	Control n (%)
MTHFR genotype		
- / -	27 (31.8)	20 (42.6)
+ / -	44 (51.8)	17 (36.2)
+ / +	14 (16.5)	10 (21.3)
Total	85	47

MTHFR : methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase
- / - : Wild type, + / - : Heterozygote
+ / + : Homozygote mutant

Table 4. Folate (ng/mL) and plasma homocysteine (μ mole/L) level according to MTHFR genotypes

MTHFR genotype	No. Pt./Cont. (n = 85/n = 47)	Folate Pt./Cont.	tHcy (F) Pt./Cont.	tHcy (M) Pt./Cont.
- / -	27/20	6.89 \pm 3.97/7.57 \pm 3.84	10.81 \pm 4.39/ 8.3 \pm 2.5	19.89 \pm 5.98/15.49 \pm 4.19
+ / -	44/17	8.60 \pm 3.82/6.85 \pm 2.58	8.95 \pm 3.05/11.67 \pm 8.68	17.04 \pm 3.92/13.23 \pm 1.98
+ / +	14/10	6.28 \pm 2.26/5.24 \pm 2.32	11.85 \pm 5.20/14.22 \pm 9.52	22.05 \pm 3.81/27.31 \pm 19.71

No. : number, Pt. : patients group, Cont. : control group, MTHFR : methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase

tHcy (F) : plasma homocysteine level in fasting state

tHcy (M) : plasma homocysteine level after methionine loading

- / - : wild type, + / - : heterozygote mutant, + / + : homozygote mutant

Table 5. Plasma homocysteine level (μ mole/L) according to MTHFR genotypes and folate levels

MTHFR genotype	No. Pt./Cont. (n = 85/n = 47)	Pt..	Cont.	Pt. and Cont.
Lowest folate quartile (<4.85 ng/ml)				
- / -	9/5	13.28 \pm 5.65	10.32 \pm 1.48	12.22 \pm 4.78
+ / -	6/5	11.34 \pm 3.16	19.30 \pm 13.60	14.96 \pm 9.81
+ / +	2/5	11.77 \pm 7.38	18.73 \pm 12.17	16.74 \pm 10.93
Middle folate quartile (4.85 - 8.60 ng/ml)				
- / -	12/9	9.37 \pm 2.63	8.11 \pm 2.80	8.83 \pm 2.71
+ / -	19/7	9.20 \pm 2.57	9.03 \pm 2.07	9.15 \pm 2.41
+ / +	10/4	12.47 \pm 5.34	9.44 \pm 2.45	11.61 \pm 4.81
Highest folate quartile (>8.60 ng/ml)				
- / -	6/6	9.97 \pm 4.14	7.96 \pm 2.62	8.83 \pm 3.51
+ / -	19/5	7.94 \pm 3.12	7.73 \pm 2.40	7.90 \pm 2.93
+ / +	2/1	8.83 \pm 4.39	10.77 \pm 0.00	9.47 \pm 3.30

No. : number, Pt. : patients group, Cont. : control group, MTHFR : methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase

- / - : wild type, + / - : heterozygote mutant, + / + : homozygote mutant

(: 4.85~8.60 ng/ml), (folate, vitamine B₁₂, MT -
4 : >8.60 ng/ml) MTHFR HFR , ,
homocysteine 가 , ,
. Folate MTHFR (multiple linear regression analysis)
homocysteine 가 (p =
가 가 , he - 0.0002), , MTHFR ,
terozygote homozygote mutant homocyst - , folate
eine 가 가 (10.32 \pm 1.48 ng/ml, (p=0.059)(Table 6).
19.30 \pm 13.60 ng/ml, 18.73 \pm 12.17 ng/ml, p>0.05)
(Table 5). Fol - 고 찰
ate homocysteine
, MTHFR homocysteine
가 (Table 5).

혈중 Homocysteine 농도에 관련된 인자의 상관 관계 분석

2-5)

homocysteine

homocysteine

12~

Table 6. ANOVA for multiple linear regression of plasma homocysteine in coronary artery disease (N = 229)

Source	DF	SS	MS	F-value	p-value
Smoking*	1	1.603	1.603	15.27	0.0002
Age*	1	0.783	0.783	7.46	0.0076
MTGFR*	2	1.052	0.526	5.01	0.0086
Obesity*	1	0.605	0.605	5.76	0.0594
Folate	1	0.383	0.383	3.65	0.0593
HDL	1	0.087	0.087	0.83	0.3648
B ₁₂	1	0.067	0.067	0.64	0.4258
TC	1	0.003	0.003	0.03	0.8747
TG	1	0.013	0.013	0.12	0.7305
HT	1	0.012	0.012	0.11	0.7370
DM	1	0.072	0.072	0.69	0.4082
Error	92	9.6586	0.1049		
Corrected total	106	14.3538			

MTHFR : methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase, * : p<0.05

47% metaanalysis ho - 가
 mocysteine (odds ratio) .²⁶⁾
 1.7, 2.5, homocysteine
 6.8 .²⁹⁾
 homocysteine 가 65
 . Multiple Risk Factor Intervention
 Trial(MRFIT)
 homocysteine 0.94 ,²⁰⁾ 1998 homocysteine
 Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities(ARIC)
 homocysteine homocysteine
 .²¹⁾ 가 Lee²³⁾
 homocysteine
 , 19 - 21) homocysteine
 homocysteine 가
 homocysteine 가
 , homocysteine
 Homocysteine 가 가 가
 ,³⁾ 가
 ,³⁰⁾³¹⁾ ,³²⁾ ,³³⁾ nicotinic
 acid ,³⁴⁾ 가 thionine homocysteine
 homocysteine Homocysteine
 가 ,³⁵⁾ 84 MTHFR
 US physician's study²²⁾ 가 C677T . MTHFR C677T

9)10) homocysteine

22) folate가 , MTHFR homocysteine

MTHFR homocysteine

가

MT -

HFR C677T 15.6%, 56.3%

15.7% 48.5% 37)

65

MTHFR C677T 13)

가 38)

MTHFR C677T 22)39)40)

ARIC 21) MTHFR C677T

MTHFR C677T 가 가

MTHFR homocysteine 22) MTHFR

, heterozygote, homozygote mutant

가 . Homocysteine

fo -

late , MTHFR

C677T homozygote mutant fo -

late homocysteine eine

12) MTHFR C677T mutant

folate

folate 65

10) MTHFR homocysteine

C677T mutant가 homocysteine

folate 가

12)22) folate

homocysteine MTHFR

folate 가 MT -

HFR 가 ho -

mocysteine 가

zygote mutant folate homocysteine 26)

가

homocysteine

, MT -

HFR , folate (p=0.059). 가

Vitamin B₆ Vitamin B₆ 가 homocyst -

eine homocysteine

MTHFR homocysteine 가

MTHFR

homocysteine

folate

homocyst -

MTHFR

, folate homocysteine

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homocysteine 가

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 42)
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 요 약

연구목적 :
 homocysteine

homocyst -
 ho -
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 homocysteine

방 법 :
 65

149 80
 homocysteine B₁₂
 Homocysteine
 methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase(MTHFR)
 cytosine - thymidine (C677T)
 .
 결 과 :
 homocysteine(tHcy)
 가 (tHcy, 10.4 ± 3.6,
 11.4 ± 8.4 ng/ml, tHcy
 18.8 ± 4.9, 17.2 ± 9.5 ng/ml, p>0.05),
 MTHFR C677T . MT -
 HFR homocysteine
 .
 homocysteine 가
 , MTHFR , ,

결 론 :
 homocysteine
 , homocysteine MTHFR
 homocysteine
 homo -
 cysteine
 가 .

중심 단어 : . Methyle -
 netetrahydrofolate reductase .

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