: 1 ¹

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. Talerman 1993 40 СТ (1). . MR T1 (Fig. 1). (TR=450 msec, TE=14 msec) 2 (2, 3). (TR=2000 msec, TE=80 msec) 2A), T2 가 가 (Fig. 2B). T1 T2

(Fig. 2C).
T1
22 7 , (pelvic exami - ,

nation) , . T1 γ . T2

(tumor marker) CEA (carci - noembryonic antigen) 1.59 ng/ml(0 - 4.5ng/ml), CA 19 - 9 33.44 U/ml(2.4 - 36.3 U/ml) .

5×3.5 cm (amorphous) . 가

. 가 CT 가 가 .

2000

2000 2 22

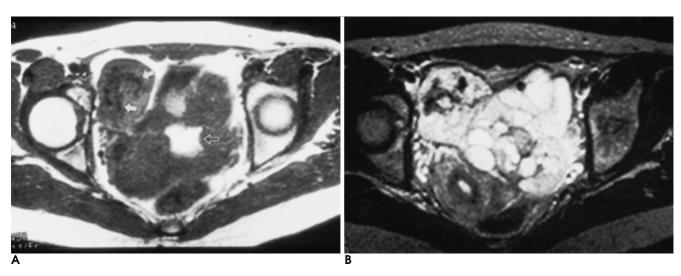
Fig. 1. On precontrast CT, the right lesion shows multinodular calcific densities centrally within soft tissue mass(large arrow). The left lesion shows a multilocular cystic mass with peripher-

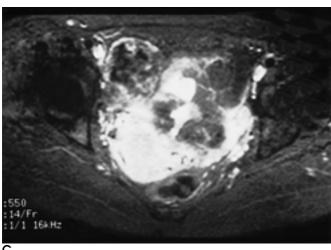
(Fig.

al fat density (open arrow).

, T1

(Fig. 2). (1 - 8). 가 가 63 5.5×4.5 cm (4). (generalized hemangiomatosis) 1.5 cm 가 (Fig. 3). (endothelial cell) 가 (1). (2, 5, 6). (hyalinization) (stro-가 가 mal luteinization) (Fig. 4). 11.5×10 cm 가 (3).





 $\textbf{Fig. 2.} \ MR \ findings \ of \ cavernous \ hemangioma$

A. On T1 weighted image, the right lesion shows peripheral intermediate signal intensity and central low signal intensities(white arrows) and the left lesion shows variable signal intensities including high signal suggesting fat(open arrow).

가

- **B.** On T2 weighted image, the right lesion shows persistent central low signal intensity suggesting calcification and the left mass shows variable signal intensities.
- **C.** The right lesion shows subtle enhancement in peripheral portion only and the left lesion shows heterogeneous septal enhancement on fat suppressed enhancement scan.

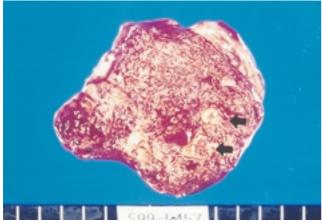


Fig. 3. Cut section of cavernous hemangioma specimen shows red tan colored spongy-like feature containing blood and multifocal calcifications(black arrows).

(10),

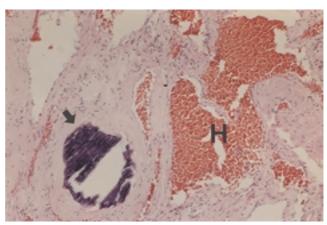


Fig. 4. The tumor is composed of many dilated, vascular spaces lined by a single layer of endothelial cells(H). Dense calcifications(black arrow) are noted only in hyalinized stroma(hematoxylin and eosin stain, × 100).

가 가 (2, 3). . CT (3). CT (frozen section) (endometriosis) 가 (2), 가 (ossifica -가 tion) 가 (dysger -가 (fibroma), (thecoma), minoma), (dystrophic (phle -(49%), calcification) , (cystadenocarninoma) bolith) (laminated) (psammomatous calcification), (metaplastic ossification) (osteosarcoma), 가 (7). MR 가 (3), 가 가 가 (9, 가 10)

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Calcified Cavernous Hemangioma of the Ovary: A Case Report¹

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Ovarian hemangiomas are very uncommon and most are of the cavernous type. A few reports have described the radiologic findings of this neoplasm, but as far as the author is aware, the literature contains no description of calcified cavernous hemangioma. A case in which this condition involved the ovary is now reported.

Index words: Ovary, neoplasm

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