

• • • • •

<		>	
:			
: 1995		2001	113
30 (68%),	65 (22-90),	44	14 (32%), 가
Evans		12 (8-22)	
		Singh index	
:	44	8 (18.2%)	3 (6.8%)
가		4 (9.1%)	가
		1 (2.3%)	
:			
	가	가	가
:			

:

351 ()463-712

TEL: (031) 780-5270/5271 FAX : (031) 708-3578
E-mail: bskima@netsgo.com

가 , 가
 가 , 가 ($> 20\text{mm}$)
 가 , 가
 5).
 ,
 20%¹⁾
 1.
 , 6
 ,
 38 8 (Table 1).

(Fisher's exact

test, $p > 0.5$).

Table 1. Neck-shaft angle and fixation failure

Reduction	fixation failure	
	*	%
Anatomical	8/38	21
Valgus $> 10^\circ$	0/6	0
Valgus $> 10^\circ$	0/0	0

($p > 0.5$) (*=No. of fixation failure / No. of cases)

1995 5 2001 3
 113
 44 , 14
 (32%), 가 30 (68%) ,
 65(22-90) 12(8-22)
 . Evans ¹⁷⁾
 29 , 15 ,
 0 ,
 ($> 10^\circ$)
 ($> 5\text{mm}$)
 ($> 5\text{mm}$)
 2) 가 .
 Singh index³⁾
 , grade 0 , grade 4 ,
 grade 7 , grade 15 , grade 16 , grade 2
 가
 .
 . 9 4).
 chi-square test
 Fisher's exact test . 가

8 6 , 30
 1 , 6 1 가
 (Table 2).
 가 가

Table 2. Displacement of medial cortex of distal fragment in AP view and fixation failure

Reduction	fixation failure	
	*	%
Anatomical	1/30	3.3%
Medialization(5mm)	6/8	75%
Lateralization(5mm)	1/6	16.6%

($p > 0.5$) (*=No. of fixation failure / No. of cases)

가 (Fisher's exact test, $p < 0.5$). 3. 가
가
1
4 4 , 30 (Figure 1), 가
4 가 (Table 3). (Fisher's Exact Test, $p > 0.5$).

. (Fisher's exact test, $p > 0.5$).

Table 3. Displacement of posterior cortex of distal fragment in axial view and fixation failure

Reduction	fixation failure	
	*	%
Anatomical	4/30	13.3%
Anterior(5mm)	4/10	40%
Posterior(5mm)	0/4	0%

($p > 0.5$) (*=No. of fixation failure / No. of cases)

2.

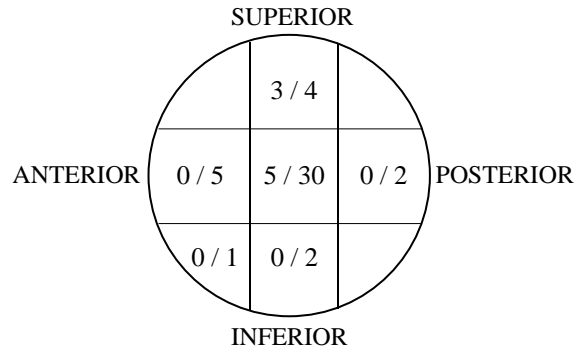
grade 4 3
, grade 7 4 , grade 15 1
(Table 4), chi-square test
가
가 ($p < .0001$) .

Table 4. Displacement of posterior cortex of distal fragment in axial view and fixation failure

Reduction	fixation failure	
	*	%
	0/0	0%
	3/4	75%
	4/7	57.1%
	1/15	6.6%
	0/16	0%
	0/2	0%

($p < .0001$) (*=No. of fixation failure / No. of cases)

Figure 1. Location of the lag screw in femoral head and fixation failure



($P > 0.5$) (No. of fixation failure / No. of cases)

4.

44 8 (18%)
8
3 (6.8%) 가
(Fig. 2), 4 (9.1%)
가
(Fig. 3), 1 (2.3%)
(Fig. 4).

6,8,10,12,13,14,15).



Fig 2-A. Preoperative roentgenogram of 76 years old female, Evans classification (displaced not reduced) and Singh index .



2-B. Immediate postoperative roentgenogram shows medialization (> 5mm) of medial cortex of the distal fragment.



2-C. Postoperative 6 months follow up roentgenogram shows varus collapse of the proximal fragment with cutout of the lag screw.

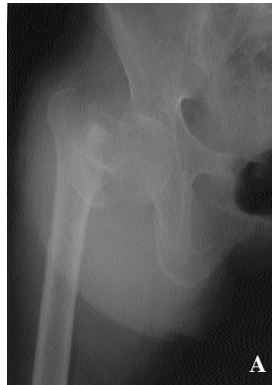


Fig 3-A. Preoperative roentgenogram of 65 years old female, Evans classification (comminuted) and Singh index .



3-B. Immediate postoperative roentgenogram shows medialization (> 5mm) of medial cortex of the distal fragment.



3-C. Postoperative 3 months follow up roentgenogram shows varus collapse of the proximal fragment with excessive sliding of the lag screw.

, 1949 Evans¹⁷⁾

가

7)
20%

Laskin⁹⁾

buttress



Fig 4-A. Preoperative roentgenogram of 67 years old female, Evans classification (displaced not reduced) and Singh index

Laros ¹¹⁾



4-B. Immediate postoperative roentgenogram shows medialization (> 5mm) of medial cortex of the distal fragment.

Cleveland ⁴⁾



4-C. Postoperative 1 month follow up roentgenogram shows loss of fixation of the plate-holding screws.

¹⁶⁾

가

,

가
가

가
,

가
,

2)

가 , Davis 가
5mm 가
가 가

가

,

.

REFERENCE

1. **Baumgaertner MR, Chrostowski JH, Levy RN.**: Intertrochanteric hip fractures. In: Browner BD, Levine AM, Jupiter JB, et al., eds. *Skeletal trauma*, vol 2. Philadelphia: WB Saunders, 1992:1833-1881.
2. **Davis, T.R.C., Sher, J.L., Horsmam, A., Simpson, M., Porter, B.B. and Chekett, R. G.** : Intertrochanteric femoral fractures : mechanical failure after internal fixation. *J Bone Joint Surg*, 72-B: 26-31,1990.
3. **Singh M, Nagrath A and Maini P** : Changes in Trabecular Pattern of the Upper End of the Femur as an Index of Osteoporosis. *J Bone Joint Surg*, 52A: 457-467,1970
4. **Cleveland, M., Bosworth, D.M., Thompson, F.R., Wilson, H.J. and Ishizuka, T.** : A ten-year analysis of intertrochanteric fractures of the femur. *J Bone Joint Surg*, 41-A: 1399-1408,1959.
5. **Kim WY, Han CH, Park JI** : Failure of intertrochanteric fracture fixation with a dynamic hip screw in relation to pre-operative fracture stability and osteoporosis. *Int Orthop* 2001;25(6):360-2
6. **Kyle RF, Cabanela ME, Russel TA, et al.** : Fractures of the proximal part of the femur. *Instr Course Lect* 1995;44:227-253.
7. **Wolfgang, G.L., Bryant, M.H. and O'Neill, J.P.** : Treatment of intertrochanteric fracture of the femur using sliding screw plate fixation : *Clin. Orthop.*, 163:148-158, 1982
8. **Zuckerman JD.** : Comprehensive care of orthopaedic injuries in the elderly. Baltimore: Urban and Schwarzenberg, 1990.
9. **Laskin R, Gruber M and Zimmerman A** : Intertrochanteric fractures of the hip in the elderly. *Clin. Orthop.*, 141:188-195, 1979
10. **Zuckerman JD.** Hip fracture. *N Engl J Med* 1996;334:1519-1525.
11. **Laros G and Moore J** : Complication of fixation in intertrochanteric fractures. *Clin. Orthop.*, 101:110-119, 1974
12. **Moon Myung Sang, Kim In, Chung Young Bok** : A Clinical Study on Trochanteric Fractures of the Femur. *J Korean Orthop Assoc.* 12-2: 147-152, 1977.
13. **Lee Han Koo, Chung Moon Sang Yang Young Sik** : Failed Hip Nailing in Hip Fractures- A Radiological Analysis. *J Korean Orthop Assoc.* 11-3: 531-541, 1976.
14. **Bonarno, J.J., and Accettola, A.B.** : Treatment of intertrochanteric fractures with a sliding nail-plate. *J. Trauma*, 22-3 :205-215,1982
15. **Jacobs, R.R., McClain, O., and Armstrong, H.J.** : Internal fixation of intertrochanteric hip fractures : A clinical and biomechanical study, *Clin. Orthop.*, 146:62-70, 1980
16. **DeLee JC.** : Fractures and dislocation of the hip. In: Rockwood CJ,Jr. Green DP, eds. *Fractures in adults*. 2 nd ed. Vol. 2. Philadelphia, etc : JB Lippincott Co, 1984 : 1211-356
17. **Evans E.** : The treatment of trochanteric fractures of the femur. *J Bone Joint Surg* 1949;31B:190-203.

Abstract

Common Modes of Fixation Failure with a Sliding Hip Screw encountered Unstable Intertrochanteric Fracture

Byung Soon Kim, M.D., Duck Yun Cho, M.D., Hyung Ku Yoon, M.D.,
Dong Eun Sin, M.D. Soo Hong Han, M.D., Jae Hwa Kim, M.D.,
Dong Jun Kim, M.D.

*Department of Orthopedic Surgery,
Pundang CHA Hospital, College of Medicine, Pochon CHA University, Sunnam, Korea*

The purpose of this study was to evaluate the common modes of fixation failure in unstable intertrochanteric fractures, related risk factors and the prevention of fixation failure.

Between 1995 and 2001, 44 patients who had sustained an unstable intertrochanteric fractures were assigned to be treated with a sliding hip screw. Men in 14 cases (32%), women in 30 cases (68%), the average age at the operation was 65(22-90) years and the average duration of follow up was 12(8-22) months.

We classified the fracture patterns with Evans system and used Singh's index for osteoporosis. And we examined the common modes of fixation failure with postoperative X-ray.

The fixation failure in unstable intertrochanteric fracture was 8 cases (18.2 %); varus collapse of the proximal fragment with cutout of the lag screw was 3 cases (6.8%), varus collapse of the proximal fragment with excessive sliding of the lag screw was 4 cases (9.1%) and loss of fixation of the plate-holding screws was 1 case (2.3%).

The authors think that inadequate anatomical reduction of comminuted posteromedial fragment and severity of osteoporosis are main causes of fixation failure.

During operation for unstable intertrochanteric fractures, the most important point is accurate reduction of posteromedial fragment and the intramedullary hip screw like proximal femoral nail (PFN) may be considered to avoid fracture of lateral cortex that enter the lag screw, causing fixation failure.

Key Words : unstable intertrochanteric fractures, fixation failure