
< >
:
가
:
(Unreamed femoral nail, Synthes R) 1 (; 21 , ; 13 -
38)가 가 21 24 , 가 가 16
, 가 5 , 41 (18-76)
Winquist-Hansen 1 10 , 2 5 , 3 3 , 4 6 ,
, 8 ,
() 5 , 4 , 3 ,
1 , 가 , 가
Neer
:
(87.5%) , 15.8 (; 12-20
) 가 3 가 , 1cm
10 ,
가 Neer score 86.9 ,
120.2 , 3
:
:
:

:
2가 50
, 700-721,
TEL: 053-420-5630 FAX: 053-422-6605
E-mail: cwoh@knu.ac.kr

50

가 , . AO
(AO unreamed femoral nail)
가 , ,
17) , 310mm (300-360mm) ,
10mm(9-12mm) .
가 5mm
가 2
가 2) , 5
1 , 1 1
14) .
가 ,
2-3
(CPM)
1999 4 2001 6
1 가가 가 2
21 24 ,
4
2) 가 13 38 21
1) , Neer 8)
, 85 , 70 , 55
, 55 가 .

3 가 18 76 가 16
 40.5 가 , 가 4 ,
 (57%) 가 , AO A
 7 , B 6 , C 11 , Winquist-Hansen
 16) 1 10
 , 2 5 , 3 3 , 4 6 ,
 2 (Gustilo Anderson I 2)가
 11 가
 6 ,
 1 가 .
 21
 1 , 8
 (Fig.1), (

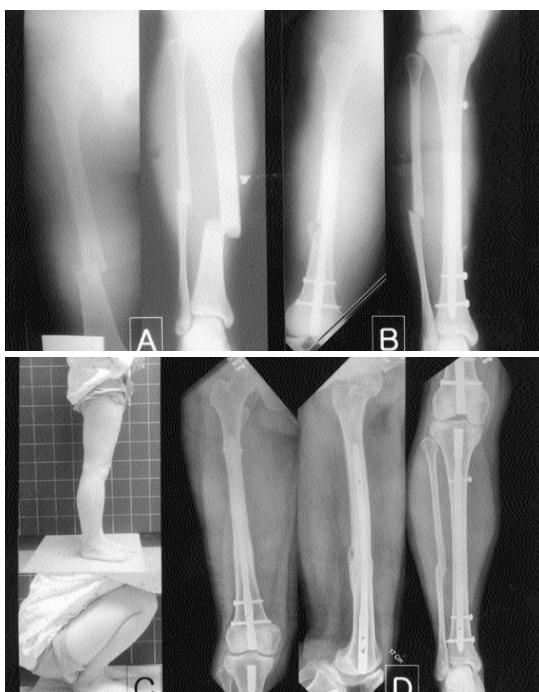


Fig. 1-A : 25-year-old woman had right ipsilateral femur and tibia fractures with hip dislocation. **B:** With one incision in knee joint, the femur was fixed with retrograde nailing and the tibia was fixed with antegrade nailing. **C:** After 1 year of follow-up, the range of knee motion was normal without any instability. **D:** The radiographs showed well united femoral and tibia fractures.

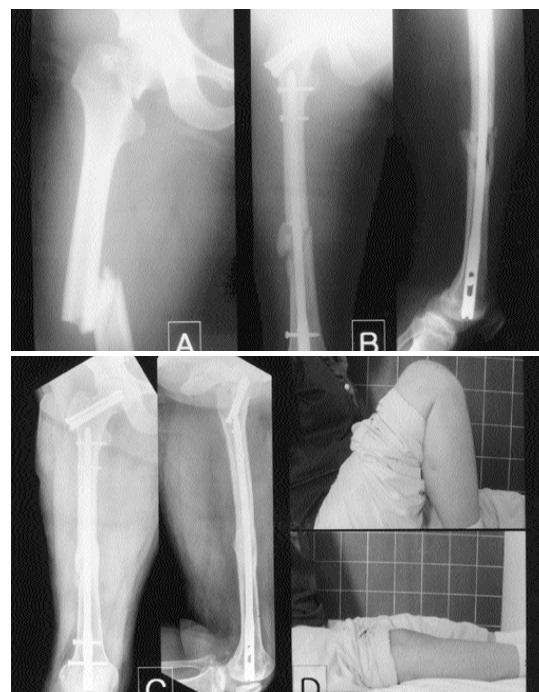


Fig. 2-A : 42-year-old woman had right femoral neck and shaft fractures. **B:** The femoral shaft was fixed with retrograde nailing and neck was fixed with closed screwing. **C:** After 14 months of follow-up, the radiographs showed well united femoral neck and shaft fractures without any complications. **D:** Function of knee motion was excellent with good range of motion.

) 5 (Fig.2), 4 ,
 3 , (가 ,
) 1 .
 24 21 (88%) ,
 , Swiontkowski 14)
 15.8 (; 12-20) .
 Winkist 1 (13.1) 2 (14.4) 3 가
 (18.7) 4 (18.7) , AO ,
 A (13.6) B (15.2) C (17.1) 가 .
 5
 가 , 2
 3 , 2 ,
 , 1 가
 .
 1cm ,
 .
 가 Neer score 86.9 13,14),
 , AO , Winkist , (repositioning)
 가 .
 120.2 , 3 , 4,5),
 (impingement)
 1
 , ,
 가 .
 12 , 10 ,
 ,
 Wolinsky 17)
 .
 Patterson 11) (traumatic
 arthrotoomy)
 3,12,15), ,
 ,
 3 가 ,
 (heterotropic ossification) ,
 10,12)
 9)
 가
 ,
 , 87.5% ,

6).

7),

가

가가
가

가가

1

가

1),

가

가

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Abstract

Retrograde Intramedullary Nail for Femoral Shaft Fracture with Limited Indications

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Purpose : This is a retrospective study to analyze the results after retrograde intramedullary(IM) nailing in femoral shaft fractures with limited indications.

Materials and Methods : Twenty-four femoral shaft fractures(21 patients) were operated with unreamed IM nail(Unreamed femoral nail, SynthesR) in a retrograde method and were followed for more than 1 years. There were 16 men and 5 women, and the mean age at index operation was 41 years (range 18-76 years).

In Winquist-Hansen classifications, there were 10 of type I, five of type II, three of type III, and six of type IV. All the patients had associated fractures or injuries, and there were eight ipsilateral tibia fractures, five ipsilateral proximal femoral fractures(including neck and trochanter), four ipsilateral pelvic or acetabular fracture, three bilateral femoral fractures, and one ipsilateral knee injury according to the used indications. In radiological study, we evaluated the time for union, non-unions and malunion, and clinical evaluation with Neer 's criteria was done.

Results : Most fractures(87.5%) were primarily united cases, and the mean time for union was 15.8 weeks(range 12-20 weeks). Three cases of delayed union or nonunion were developed, but a shortening over 1cm or malunion over 10 degrees angular deformity were not found. Evaluating the knee functions, the Neer score was 86.9 in average and all the cases were above satisfactory grade. The average range of knee motion was 120.2 degrees, and the mild knee pain was developed in three cases.

Conclusion : The retrograde IM nailing can be a useful option for femoral shaft fractures with limited indications, including ipsilateral fractures of other areas or multiple fractures.

Key Words : Femoral fractures, Retrograde intramedullary nail

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