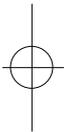


Fig 5. Preoperative clinical photograph shows skin and soft tissue defect on ankle, missing of metaphysis, physis, epiphysis and posterior tibialis tendon.



Fig 6. Preoperative plain radiography shows fracture of distal tibia and missing of a portion of metaphysis and epiphysis.



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(Fig. 5,6).

3 Steinmann pin (Fig. 7). 11

25. 가 9). Salter - Harris 4

(Fig. 8,9). 3 6 . Peterson

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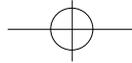


Fig 7. First post operative plain radiography shows open reduction and internal fixation with 3 Steinmann pins.



Fig 8



Fig 9

Fig 8, 9. Eleven months after injury, second operative plain radiography shows corrective osteotomy, double fibula osteotomy, resection of physeal bar, and internal fixation with 2 Steinmann pins, because of medial bridge formation, 25. varus angulation.

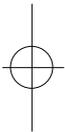


Fig 10



Fig 11

Fig 10, 11.

Eight years seven months after injury, last operative plain radiography shows corrective osteotomy, internal fixation with 5 hole small plate and 4 cortical screws, and epiphysiodesis of remained open physis, because of recurrent medial bridge formation, 140 varus angulation

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1,3,4,6,7,9), Peterson 6

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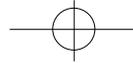
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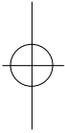
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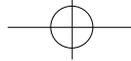
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Abstract

**Treatment of Peterson classification
Type VI of Physeal Injury in Ankle Joint
- 2 cases report -**

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Peterson classification type VI, which has been reported newly on physeal injury classification, is defined as partial missing of the metaphysis and epiphysis with a portion of the physis. It has not been reported in the Republic of Korea to our knowledge. Because this is an open fracture, immediate surgery is needed in all cases. Angular deformity and leg length discrepancy occurs as a result of the formation of the physeal bar. Additional reconstructive operation, therefore, should be necessary. We report two cases of Peterson classification type VI, both cases were open fracture at the level of ankle joint owing to pedestrian traffic accident. In our experience, Peterson classification type VI required multiple operations because progression of angular deformity with growth, and must be followed up until maturity.

Key words : Ankle joint, Physeal injury, Peterson classification VI

