



1 1  
2

(proximal clipping), (wrapping), (trapping)  
가  
가  
1977 Younas (1) 가  
22 가  
28%, 3.2%  
(2). (intradural segment) 가  
(posteriorinferior cerebellar artery)  
(Fig. 1).  
(3), 26 (intimal flap)  
(4, 5). 가 (Fig. 2).  
(hypoplasia) (true lumen)  
47 가 (false lumen) 가  
가  
7F (sheath)  
, 6F (envoy guiding catheter)  
(foraminal segment)  
(true lumen) 가  
(false lumen) 가 가 (LAO 30  
, caudal 10 ) road - mapping  
Excel 14 Transend 14  
(exchange micro  
guidewire) , AVE S670 4 mm×24 mm  
AVE S670 4 mm×18 mm  
(Fig. 3A).

1  
2  
2001 8 21 2001 10 29





road - mapping

(3).

(perforator)

(8).

aspirin ticlopidine

가

가

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## Stent Assisted Coil Embolization of a Dissecting Aneurysm of the Vertebral Artery: A Case Involving a Patient with Hypoplasia of the Contralateral Vertebral Artery<sup>1</sup>

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A dissecting aneurysm of the vertebral artery may be treated conservatively, surgically, or using an endovascular approach. Proximal clipping, wrapping or trapping are surgical treatment methods, and endovascular treatment with coils and balloons is performed where a dissecting aneurysm is located near the midline or the appropriate surgical manipulation is difficult.

As the contralateral vertebral artery of this patient was hypoplastic, the stent-assisted coil embolization technique was employed to preserve the ipsilateral vertebral artery. We describe a clinical case of dissecting aneurysm of the vertebral artery occurring in a patient in whom a hypoplastic contralateral vertebral artery was successfully treated.

**Index words** : Aneurysm, cerebral  
 Aneurysm, therapy  
 Interventional procedures, technology

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