

가

: 1 1

. . 2 . 3 .

60

가

1

(malignant schwannoma)

tosis)
CRP

ESR 31 mm/hr

가

6%

4%

(1, 2).

25 -

가

70%

(neurofibromatosis)

3 - 13%

가

(Fig. 1A).

(2). 1931 Stewart Copeland (3)

가

1995

Kransdorf

(1)

774

29 가

MRI

, T2 -

T1 -

(1 - 8).

(Fig. 1B -

60

E).

(first metatar -

가

sophalangeal joint level)

가

5.5 × 4.0 cm

가

60

가

가

5

(pale gray firm rubbery tissue)
myxoid area)

(focal
(cigar)

가

S - 100
muscle actin
(Fig. 2).

desmin smooth

가

(cafe - au - lait spot)

9

가

(hypesthesia)가

가

amputation)

6
20

(below knee

6500/ul

(leukocy -

1

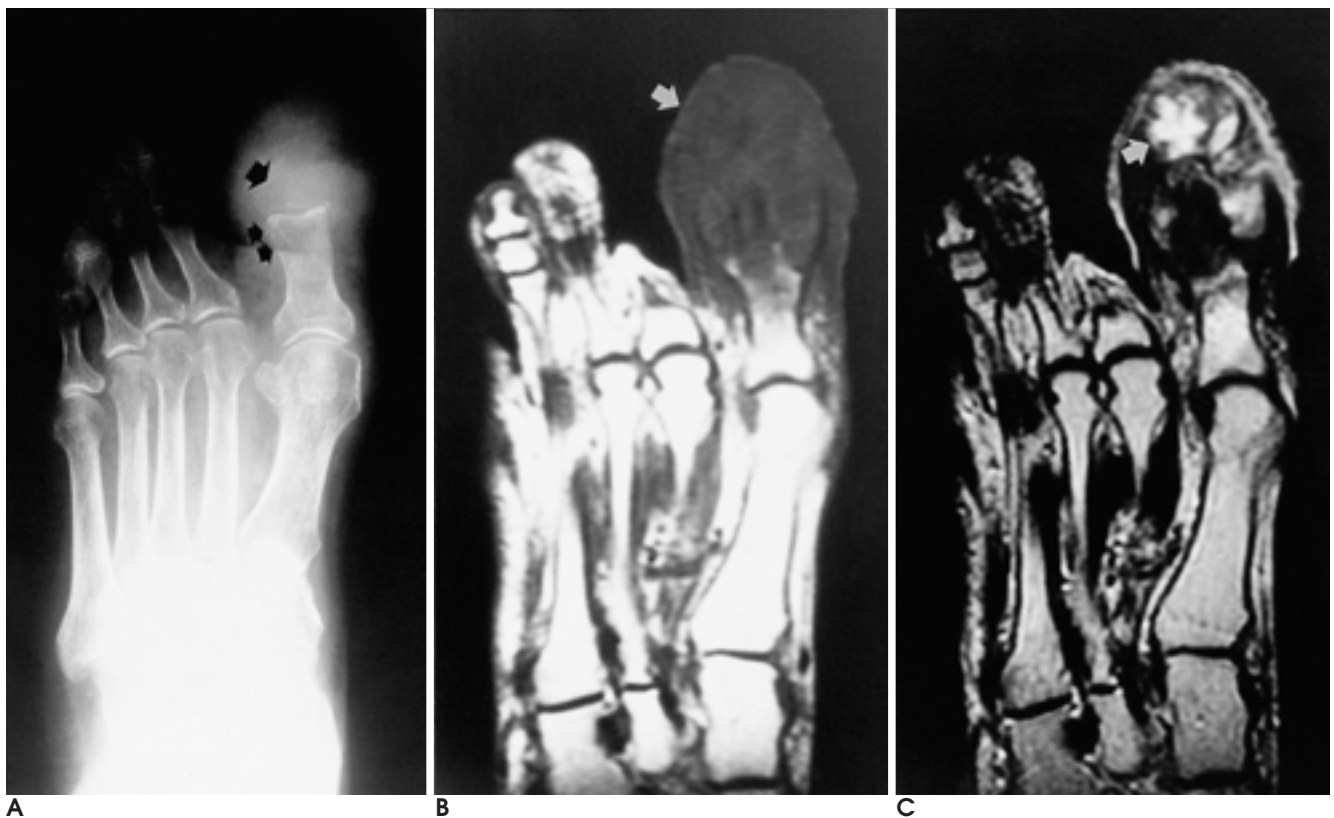
2

3

2001 4 30

2001 8 11

(1).



A



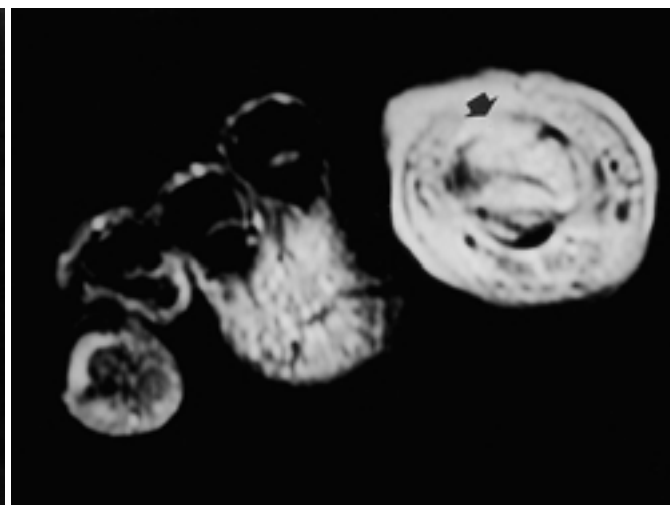
B



C



D



E

Fig. 1. 60-year-old woman with malignant schwannoma of right great toe.

A. The right foot AP view shows a soft tissue mass density with bony destruction (large black arrow) of distal phalanx, and moth-eaten destruction of proximal phalanx (small black arrows).

B. Axial T1-weighted spin echo image (TR/TE = 600msec/14msec) shows the ill defined mass (white arrow) with heterogeneous low signal intensity at great toe.

C. Axial T2-weighted spin echo image (TR/TE = 3200msec/105msec) shows the mass with heterogeneous high signal intensity. The mass contains central high signal intensity foci (white arrow) suggesting myxoid degeneration.

D. Axial T1-weighted image with gadolinium enhancement shows intense enhancement of the mass (open arrow). The first proximal phalanx (small black arrow) is also enhancement.

E. Coronal gadolinium enhanced T1-weighted image at proximal phalangeal head level shows cortical destruction (black arrow), and involvement of bone marrow and soft tissue.



Fig. 2. The neoplastic cells are strongly positive for S-100 protein (arrow) on immunohistochemical stain (X200).

42 60
(2).
(fusiform) (oval shape)
(nerve trunk)
(epineurium)
가
S - 100
(9).
가 5 cm 가
가 (intraneur -
al)
가 (4, 5).
(flexor site)
가 (extensor site)
(2).
가
가
가 5
30% 65%
(6).
가 가 (4, 6).
가 가
가 가
5cm 5 (4).

가 3.0 × 4.0 cm
가
(immediate
radical ablative surgery)
5 (radiation thera -
py)
(6).
T1 - ,
T2 -
(10). T2 -
(target pattern)
, ,
가
(6). T1 - , T2 -
가
가
T1 -
T2 -

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Malignant Schwannoma of the Great Toe: A Case Report¹

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Malignant schwannomas arising from the peripheral nerve sheath of the foot are very rare. We encountered a case of malignant schwannoma of the great toe in a 60-year-old woman with painful swelling and exudative ulceration, and report the findings of MR imaging and review the literature.

Index words : Foot, neoplasms

Foot, MR

Schwannoma

Neoplasms, MR

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