

41

9 가 (1 - 12).

31 가 (Fig. 1A). CT 가 (Fig. 1B). (anechoic) (6×5 cm) (Fig. 1C). (Fig. 1D). (creatinine) 1.80 mg/l (Fig. 2A). (renal hilum) 가 (Fig. 2B). (Fig. 2C). (Fig. 2D).

(Fig. 1C).

가

(enterochromaffine) (amine precursor decarboxylation) (3).

가

가

(neuroendocrine) 가

가 가

가

(cuboidal)

(trabec -

(primitive)

(stem cell)

ular)

(Fig. 1D).

(4).

가

(embryogenesis)

(neural crest)

(APUD )

(5).

(pyelocalyceal)

(intesti -

nal metaplasia)

(3).

가

(teratoma)

<sup>1</sup>

<sup>2</sup>

2001 1 2

2001 3 22

(1).  
 Resnick (6)  
 41 가 ,  
 9 가 (1-3, 7-9). Begin (1)  
 82 .  
 (Wilm's tumor) (transitional  
 cell carcinoma)  
 (13). 가  
 가  
 가 .

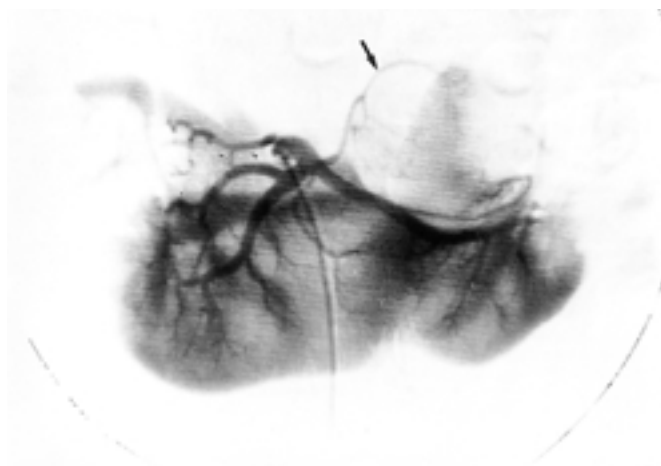
Isobe (1) 32  
 , 가 48.9 (13-79)  
 ) . 가  
 2-30 cm( 9.6 cm) .  
 18.8% .  
 , 54.5% .  
 9 가 4 , 가 5  
 50.6 (23-79 ) .  
 . 2-10 cm( 5.9 cm)  
 7 , 2 . 1  
 (renal hilum) 가 , 1  
 가 , 7  
 (2, 3, 8, 9, 10, 12).



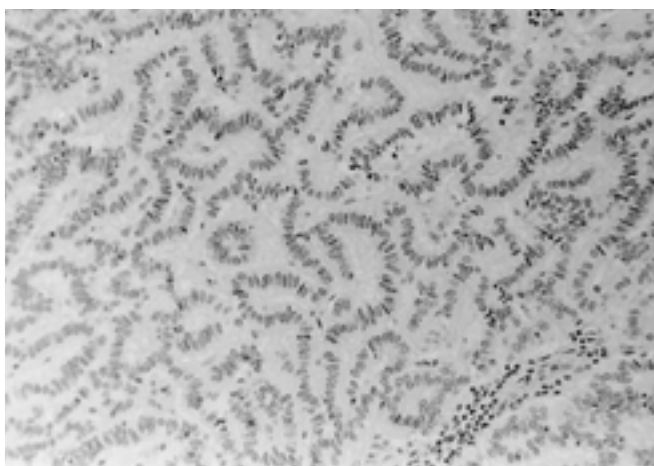
A



B

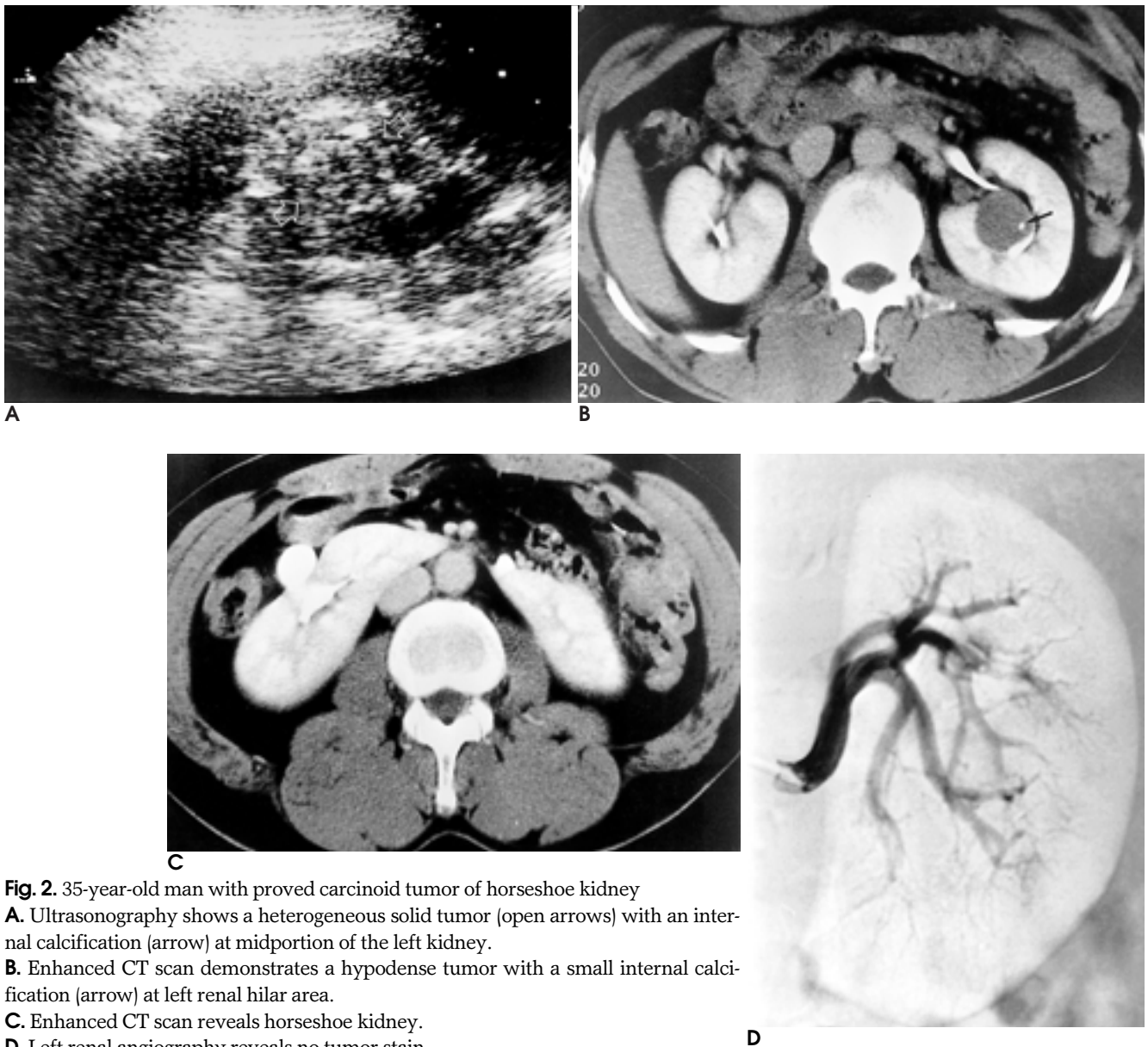


C



D

**Fig. 1.** 31-year-old man with proved primary carcinoid tumor arising from horseshoe kidney  
**A.** Ultrasonography shows a large solid mass with an internal cystic portion near lower pole of the left kidney.  
**B.** Contrast-enhanced CT scan reveals a well-defined heterogeneous solid mass (arrow) with internal cystic change at junction of left kidney and isthmus of the horseshoe kidney.  
**C.** Digital subtraction angiography demonstrates a hypovascular tumor at left upper portion of the isthmus of horseshoe kidney. Arrow indicates a supplementary artery (tumor feeder) arising aorta below the main renal arteries.  
**D.** In histologic examination, the majority of tumor cells arranged in trabecular or ribbon-like structures show round to ovoid nuclei, absence of nucleoli, and moderate amounts of cytoplasm. (H & E stain,  $\times 200$ )



**Fig. 2.** 35-year-old man with proved carcinoid tumor of horseshoe kidney  
**A.** Ultrasonography shows a heterogeneous solid tumor (open arrows) with an internal calcification (arrow) at midportion of the left kidney.  
**B.** Enhanced CT scan demonstrates a hypodense tumor with a small internal calcification (arrow) at left renal hilar area.  
**C.** Enhanced CT scan reveals horseshoe kidney.  
**D.** Left renal angiography reveals no tumor stain.

(3).

(2, 11, 12).

80

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J Korean Radiol Soc 2001;44:509 - 512

## Carcinoid Tumor Arising from Horseshoe Kidney: Report of Two Cases<sup>1</sup>

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Primary carcinoid tumor of the kidney is a very rare neoplasm. In the literature 41 cases have been reported to date, and nine of these occurred in a horseshoe kidney. We report two cases of carcinoid tumor arising from horseshoe kidney, together with the radiological findings.

**Index words :** Kidney neoplasms  
Kidney, CT  
Renal angiography

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