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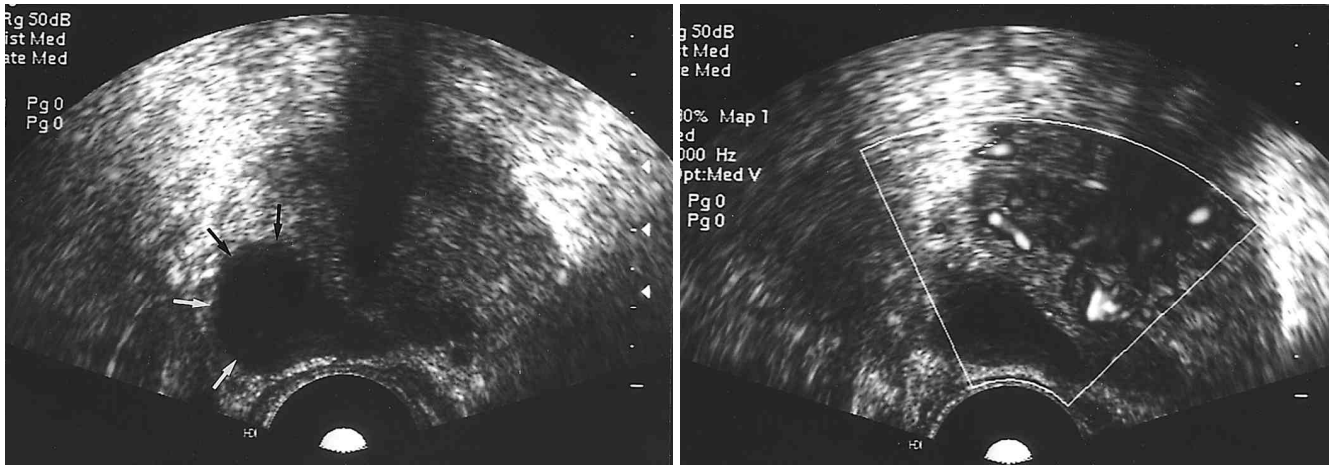


Fig. 1. A. Axial transrectal sonogram demonstrates a well defined hypoechoic lesion in the peripheral gland with contour bulging (arrow).
B. Color Doppler sonogram demonstrates hypovascular nature of the lesion.

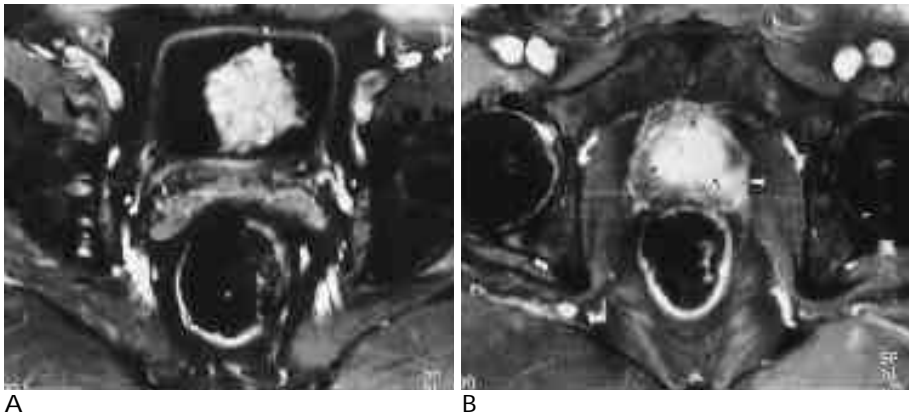


Fig. 2. MRI performed at the time of initial diagnosis of bladder cancer (two months prior to figure 2)
A. Contrast enhanced T1-weighted image demonstrates a well-enhanced polypoid mass in the bladder.
B. Contrast enhanced T1-weighted image at the level of prostate demonstrates strong enhancement of the central gland (arrow) and a focal area of left peripheral gland (arrow head), which probably represents the invasion from bladder cancer.

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(Fig. 2).

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BCG Induced Granulomatous Prostatitis: A case report¹

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Granulomatous prostatitis was relatively uncommon until the introduction of intravesical BCG for the treatment of bladder cancer. Since that time, there has been an increase in the number of cases of granulomatous prostatitis, but the domestic literature contains no report. We recently encountered a classic case of BCG induced granulomatous prostatitis and describe this case, including its radiologic findings.

Index words : Prostate, diseases
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Prostatitis

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