

Ki-67 p53 p21waf1/cip1

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=Abstract=

Expressions of the cell proliferation Ag Ki-67, p53 and p21 waf1/cip1 in uterine cervical squamous tumor

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Objective : To evaluate the expressions of Ki-67, p53 and p21 waf1/cip1 according to the age and the histologic type of preinvasive and invasive cervical lesions.

Material and method : Microwave-oven-processed formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded, cervical biopsy specimens and hysterectomy specimens were obtained from 1997 to 1998 at the Soonchunhyang university Chunan hospital. These included 55 cervical intraepithelial neoplasm(CIN I-III), 14 invasive squamous cell carcinoma and 3 adenocarcinoma, and immunohistochemically evaluated by monoclonal MIB-1 antibody, monoclonal p53 antibody, and monoclonal p21 antibody. Positive index was expressed as a percentage of strong staining cells per 300 counted cells in evenly strong staining area.

Result : Ki-67, p53 and p21 protein were expressed in the nuclei. Ki-67 was specifically expressed in all phases of cell cycles in proliferating cells. p21 expression was not seen in CIN I and CIN II, but was increased with increasing histologic grade. According to the age, Ki-67 expression was significantly higher in 30 aged group than 30 aged group, but p53 expression was not significantly different according to age groups, and p21 expression was significantly lower in 50 aged group than 30 aged group.

Conclusion : Conclusions of this study indicate that cell proliferating rate is higher in young age groups than old age groups. p53 expression was not significantly different according to age and histologic grade. These indicates that mutation of the p53 gene may be associated with the development of cervical cancer, but not associated with the progression of cervical cancer. Besides, p21 expression was increased in increasing histologic grade, but decreased in old aged women. Further study of this paradoxical increase in p21 expression in cervical carcinoma is necessary to clarify the mechanisms of p53 indepent pathway.

Keywords : Ki-67, p53, p21 waf1/cip1, cervical cancer, p53 independent pathway

I.

(I, ,) 55 ,
 가 14 , 3 (Table 1).
 10% buffered formalin 24
 (preinvasive changes) 1) paraffin block , 6um
 가 hematoxylin-eosin
 (Human papilloma virus)
 2)
 (1) MIB-1, p53 p21 waf1/cip1
 2 , E6 E7
 , p53, pRB 34. 6um paraffin graded alcohol
 p53 E6 ubiquitin – mediated
 degradation 5), pRB E7
 p53 (Down stream effectors) 800W microwave oven 5 3 .
 DNA G1 arrest 3
 . p53 peroxidase
 , p53 가 3% H₂O₂(in methanol) 3
 p53 가 mechanism 3 3
 . wild type p53
 , DNA
 apoptosis .
 p53 wild type p53 MIB-1(Imm-
 cyclin dependent kinase inhibitor p21waf1/cip1 unotech, Merseille, France), p53 (BioGenex, USA)
 . p53 p21(Santacruz, CA, USA) 30
 , p21waf1/cip1 PBS 5
 가 3 biotin goat antimouse imm-
 가 unoblobulin(Immunotech, Merseille, France)
 Ki-67 30 . PBS
 (proliferative index) scoring 5 3 strepavidin pero-
 678).

Table 1. Characteristics of materials

Age distribution	CIN I	CIN II	CIN III	Invasive squamous ca.	Adenoca.	Total
20-29	-	2	1	1	1	5
30-39	3	6	7	2	-	18
40-49	4	4	11	3	1	23
50-59	3	2	10	5	1	21
60-69	1	-	1	3	-	5
Total	11	14	30	14	3	72

1997 7 1998 6

balsam

(2) scoring

MIB-1, p53 p21 waf1/cip1

300

(positive index : PI)

PI

student t-test

p

1. Ki-67, p53 p21 waf1/cip1

Ki-67, p53 p21

. Ki-67

Fig 2. The squamous cell carcinoma in situ with glandular involvement shows positive reaction for p53(Peroxidase, DAB, $\times 200$)

. p21

I	II
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III,

가 (Fig 1 6)

2. Ki-67, p53 p21 waf1/cip1

Ki-67, p53 p21

Ki-67 30

positive index	97 ± 11.37	30
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($P < 0.005$).

p53

가

, p21 waf1/cip1 30

50

(P<0.005)(Table 2).

Fig 3. The squamous cell carcinoma in situ with glansular involvement shows positive reaction for p21waf1/cip1(Peroxidase, DAB, $\times 200$).

Table 2. Expression of Ki- 67, p53 and p21waf1/cip1 according to the age by positive Index

Age(years)	Ki-67	p53	p21
20-29	97 ± 11.37*	29 ± 7.91	34.67 ± 3.31
30-39	27.35 ± 5.39	17.48 ± 3.40	4.17 ± 0.17
40-49	29.32 ± 3.32	20.21 ± 7.35	15.65 ± 5.33
50-59	45.07 ± 9.61	27.79 ± 6.65	6.71 ± 1.33
60-69	36.15 ± 4.64	25.00 ± 8.68	5.38 ± 0.17

3.		Ki- 67, p53	p21
Ki-67			
I	9 ± 1.76		II
		(P<0.005)	
p53		I, II, III	
		12 ± 1.98, 8.46 ± 0.25,	
12.07 ± 4.26, 10.87 ± 2.41			22.34
± 4.95		I	
p21 waf1/cip1			I II
III,			
8.51 ± 2.46, 24.75 ± 6.57		25.75 ± 14.75	
positive index			
가	(Table 3).		

Fig 4. Invasive squamous cell carcinoma, non-keratinizing type, shows strong positive reaction for Ki- 67, in some of the nuclei of the cells(Peroxidase, DAB, × 200).

Fig 5. Invasive squamous cell carcinoma, non-keratinizing type, shows strong positive reaction for p53, in some of the nuclei of the cells(Peroxidase, DAB, × 200).

Table 3. Expressions of Ki- 67, p53 and p21 according to the histologic types by positive Index

Histologic diagnosis	Ki-67	p53	p21
CIN I	9 ± 1.76	12 ± 1.98	-
CIN II	31.33 ± 8.79	8.46 ± 0.25	-
CIN III	31.57 ± 8.34	12.07 ± 4.26	8.51 ± 2.46
Invasive ca.	36.88 ± 12.56	10.87 ± 2.41	24.75 ± 6.57
Adeno ca.	34.33 ± 9.59	22.34 ± 4.95	25 ± 14.75

* mean ± standard deviation

Fig 4. Invasive squamous cell carcinoma, non-keratinizing type, shows strong positive reaction for p21waf1/cip1, in some of the nuclei of the cells(Peroxidase, DAB, × 200).

p53 17p13.1 9) 30,31,32) 가
 (transcription) 10) 가
 wild type p53 가 DNA가 33,34,35) 5
 G1 S 50-70% 34,35,36) 가
 p53 DNA . p53 32,37,38) Ki-67
 가 11,12,13) p53 non-histone protein MIB-1
 point mutation 14) p53 3 MIB-1
 가 1) somatic MIB-1
 point mutation 15) 2) loss of heterozygosity 16) 3) MIB-1 index가
 가 E6 가
 p53 ubiquitin mediated 39,40) degradation
 pRB (suppressor effector) p53 (proliferative index)
 , Ki-67 가
 p53 (biologic aggressiveness) 48) cyclin-CDK inhibitory protein
 ,
 p53 22) DNA , , contact inhibiti-
 p53 0-8% on, ,
 가 17-21), Kurvien , CDK
 (preinvasive cervical lesion) inhibitor cyclin-CDK kinase
 p53 17) transition (phospho-
 p53 negative regulatory protein
 0-83%, 4-100% cyclin-CDK
 23-28) , DNA p21waf1/cip1 49,50)
 , DNA p53 dependent p21 induction
 가 p21induction p53
 . 54,55,56) p53
 p53 wild type (transcriptional induction)
 p53 829) wild type p53 가 p21
 E6 p53 induction ,

PDGF, FGF, okadaic acid, butyric acid, retinoic acid, vitamin D3, TPA, G-CSF, IL-6, INF- γ , TGF- β .

57-62. DNA wild type p53

p21 MAP kinase signal transduction pathway p53 independent p21 induction

64. p53 p21waf1/cip1, astrocytoma, olfactory neuroblastoma,

p53

p21waf1/cip1 65-71)

p21waf1/cip1 p53 p53

p21waf1/cip1 (paradoxical increase)

(terminally differentiated cell) 72.

p21waf1/cip1 Ki-67

p21waf1/cip1

p21waf1/cip1 가 67, 73, 74, 75.

p21waf1/cip1 가

가

V.

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(I, II, III)

55 , 14 , 3

Ki-67 , p53 p21waf1/cip1

1. Ki-67

30

positive index 가 97 ± 11.37 30 (p = 0.005).

가 I 9 ± 1.76

II (p < 0.005).

2. p53

가 I, II, III

12 ± 1.98 , 8.46 ± 0.25 , 12.07 ± 4.26 , 10.87 ± 2.41

3. p21waf1/cip1 30

50

I II

III, 8.51 ± 2.46 , $24.75 \pm$

6.57, 25.75 ± 14.75 positive index

가

ki-67 30

30

p53 가

p21waf1/cip1 p53

p21waf1/cip1 가 (paradoxical increase)

가 p21waf1/cip1

가

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