

인슐린 저항성과 관상동맥 협착증의 상관관계

권기환 · 최동훈 · 구본권 · 고영국 · 변영섭 · 오성진
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Insulin Sensitivity is Associated with the Presence and Extent of Coronary Artery Disease

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ABSTRACT

Background and Objectives : Insulin resistance has been suggested to be an important risk factor in the development of arteriosclerosis. The correlation between insulin sensitivity and the degree of coronary atherosclerosis in patients with angina pectoris was investigated. **Subjects and Methods :** The study population consisted of 74 subjects with angina (54 men, 20 women), aged from 31 to 73 years. Coronary angiograms were evaluated by 3 semiquantitative scoring systems (vessel score, stenosis score and extent score) to estimate the extent of focal and diffuse coronary artery disease (CAD). Insulin sensitivity (K_{ITT}) was determined by an insulin tolerance test. **Results :** There were significant correlations between K_{ITT} and all 3 coronary scores. Multivariate analysis revealed significant and independent correlations between all 3 coronary scores and K_{ITT} , even in patients without diabetes mellitus. Both HDL cholesterol level and K_{ITT} were significantly lower in patients with CAD than in those without. **Conclusion :** Decreased insulin sensitivity was significantly associated with the presence and extent of CAD. These results suggest the potential benefits of insulin-sensitizing treatment strategies for patients with decreased insulin sensitivity. (**Korean Circulation J 2002;32(7):566-572**)

KEY WORDS : Insulin resistance ; Coronary angiography ; Coronary arteriosclerosis.

서 론

idemiologic study)
(hyperinsulinemia)

(cross-sectional ep-

1-6)

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body weight) (IV bolus) 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, K_{ITT} 15)

$$K_{ITT}=0.693/t_{1/2}$$

16), K_{ITT} 3.50 ± 0.75%/min, 2.56 ± 0.56%/min

통계분석

SPSS, t - chi - square test (linear regression analysis), p 0.05

Table 1. Clinical characteristics of patients with and without diabetes mellitus

	DM	Non-DM
Number (M/F)	21 (14/7)	53 (39/14)
Age (y)	61.2 ± 5.4*	57.4 ± 10.2
BMI (kg/m ²)	24.8 ± 3.8	24.9 ± 3.8
Hypertension (n)	11 (52.4%)	29 (54.7%)
Smoker (n)	12 (57.1%)	31 (58.8%)
Total cholesterol (mg/dL)	200 ± 45	190 ± 42
TG (mg/dL)	135 (100 - 181)	138 (117 - 161)
HDL (mg/dL)	44 ± 7	43 ± 12
LDL (mg/dL)	118 ± 33	108 ± 34
Fibrinogen (mg/dL)	539 ± 131*	372 ± 154
LP (a) (mg/dL)	44.3 ± 34.2	33.9 ± 25.0
CRP (mg/dL)	0.57 (0.23 - 1.46)	0.90 (0.56 - 1.49)
Fasting glucose (mg/dL)	183 ± 65 [†]	99 ± 11
K_{ITT} (%/min)	2.13 ± 0.66*	2.57 ± 0.79
Vessel score	1.7 ± 1.2*	1 ± 0.9
Stenosis score	8.1 ± 4.8*	5.3 ± 3.7
Extent score	39.2 ± 21.9 [†]	23.4 ± 15.6

Values are arithmetic mean values ± 1 SD, or if parameters did not exhibit gaussian frequency distribution, geometric means with 95% confidence intervals in parameters. BMI : body mass index, TG : triglyceride, HDL & LDL : high- & low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, * : p<0.05, [†] : p<0.001

(multiple regression analysis)
(univariate regression analysis)
scoring system

결 과

1 2, 24, 74, 가, 21, 53

위험인자 비교

(p=0.04), (p<0.001) fibrinogen(p=0.011) (Table 1). 70% (vessel score>0) (p=0.035) (Table 2), 가 (st-

Table 2. Clinical and metabolic characteristics in patients with and without atherosclerotic lesions of main coronary arteries as assessed by the vessel score

	No stenosis (n=22)	Stenosis in 1 to 3 vessels (n=55)
Age (y)	58.7 ± 7.7	58.4 ± 9.7
BMI (kg/m ²)	26.1 ± 3.41	24.6 ± 3.8
Hypertension (n)	12 (59.1%)	30 (54.5%)
Smoker (n)	15 (68.2%)	31 (56.4%)
Total cholesterol (mg/dL)	207 ± 48	189 ± 40
TG (mg/dL)	164 (123 - 217)	130 (110 - 152)
HDL (mg/dL)	48 ± 11*	41 ± 10
LDL (mg/dL)	115 ± 40	109 ± 31
Fibrinogen (mg/dL)	473 ± 150	402 ± 168
LP (a) (mg/dL)	33.4 ± 33.0	37.8 ± 26.6
CRP (mg/dL)	0.73 (0.45 - 1.19)	1.07 (0.44 - 2.61)
Fasting glucose (mg/dL)	116 ± 36	123 ± 55
K_{ITT} (%/min)	2.59 ± 0.81	2.39 ± 0.76

Values are arithmetic mean values ± 1 SD, or if parameters did not exhibit gaussian frequency distribution, geometric means with 95% confidence intervals in parameters. BMI : body mass index, TG : triglyceride, HDL & LDL : high- & low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, * : p<0.05

enosis score and extent score>0)
(p=0.006) (Table 3).
K_{ITT} (Ta-

Table 3. Association of clinical and metabolic parameters with the presence of atherosclerotic lesions in coronary segments as assessed by the stenosis or extent scores

	Score=0 (n=17)	Score>0 (n=57)
Age (y)	56.9 ± 8.4	59.1 ± 9.6
BMI (kg/m ²)	25.5 ± 3.6	24.7 ± 3.8
Hypertension (n)	10 (58.8%)	30 (52.6%)
Smoker (n)	12 (70.6%)	31 (54.4%)
Total cholesterol (mg/dL)	199 ± 47	191 ± 41
TG (mg/dL)	150 (116 - 193)	131 (102 - 155)
HDL (mg/dL)	48 ± 11*	41 ± 9
LDL (mg/dL)	110 ± 39	111 ± 32
Fibrinogen (mg/dL)	411 ± 175	418 ± 165
LP (a) (mg/dL)	34.8 ± 30.7	37.5 ± 27.2
CRP (mg/dL)	0.76 (0.45 - 0.80)	0.97 (0.41 - 2.32)
Fasting glucose (mg/dL)	111 ± 35	126 ± 56
K _{ITT} (%/min)	2.84 ± 0.85*	2.27 ± 0.68

Values are arithmetic mean values ± 1 SD, or if parameters did not exhibit gaussian frequency distribution, geometric means with 95% confidence intervals in parameters. BMI : body mass index, TG : triglyceride, HDL & LDL : high- & low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, * : p<0.05

ble 1), 가 (ste-
nosis score and extent score>0)
(p=0.004) (Table 2, 3). 70%
(vessel score>0)
(p=0.354).

관상동맥 협착 정도와 위험 인자와의 관계

vessel score ,
, stenosis
score extent score ,
. K_{ITT} 3가 score
3가
가 가 ,
(multivariate regression analysis) K_{ITT} 3
가 가 (Table 4).
K_{ITT} 3가
(Table 5).

고 찰

K_{ITT} 70%

Table 4. Multivariate correlations between clinical and metabolic parameters and the severity of coronary disease

	Vessel score		Stenosis score		Extent score	
	Significance		Significance		Significance	
Age	0.121	0.270	0.128	0.216	0.268	0.790
HDL	- 0.190	0.073	- 0.140	0.160	- 0.127	0.196
LDL	- 0.014	0.898	0.044	0.677	0.059	0.572
Glucose	0.247	0.023	0.124	0.220	0.236	0.021
K _{ITT}	- 0.349	0.004	- 0.487	<0.001	- 0.481	<0.001
R ²	0.308		0.333		0.392	

HDL & LDL : high- & low-density lipoprotein cholesterol

Table 5. Multivariate correlations between clinical and metabolic parameters and the severity of coronary disease in non-diabetic patients

	Vessel score		Stenosis score		Extent score	
	Significance		Significance		Significance	
Age	0.125	0.349	0.123	0.328	- 0.014	0.911
HDL	- 0.239	0.070	- 0.165	0.182	- 0.194	0.108
LDL	- 0.043	0.760	0.036	0.783	- 0.023	0.861
Glucose	0.019	0.889	0.097	0.447	0.063	0.609
K _{ITT}	- 0.387	0.008	- 0.469	0.001	- 0.559	<0.001
R ²	0.250		0.334		0.363	

HDL & LDL : high- & low-density lipoprotein cholesterol

가 (: 3.5%/min, : 2.52%/min)¹⁶⁾ , Inchiostro²³⁾ 2.45%/min, Matsumoto⁸⁾ 2.40%/min 가 (beta blocker) , , .

가 3가 KITT , .

가 glucose intoler- (central obesity) , , 50%¹⁷⁻¹⁹⁾ ,²⁴⁾²⁵⁾ Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities(ARIC) (intima - media thickness) 가 가 가 가²⁰⁾ 가 가²¹⁾²²⁾ 가¹⁻⁶⁾ 가 요 약 (50% 70%)¹⁻⁶⁾⁷⁻⁹⁾ 배경 및 목적 : (focal lesion) Sullivan¹²⁾ (vessel score) 3가 (stenosis score), 가 가 (extent score) 3가 가 , 방 법 : 2001 1 2001 6 KITT

22

55

vessel score, stenosis score, extent score

3가 가

결 과 :

3가 가

score

가 (vessel score :
= - 0.349, p=0.004 ; stenosis score : = - 0.487,
p<0.001 ; extent score : = - 0.481, p<0.001).

결 론 :

가

가

중심 단어 : ; ;

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