

## 마우스 FK-506 Binding Protein 12.6 유전자의 클로닝과 생물학적 기능 및 여러 심질환에서의 발현양상

조명찬 · 박해남 · 연태진 · 김동운

### Molecular Cloning of Mouse FK-506 Binding Protein 12.6 Gene and Its Biological Function and Expression Patterns in the Various Models of Heart Disease

Myeong-Chan Cho, MD, Hainan Piao, MD, Tae-Jin Youn, MD and Dong-Woon Kim, MD

Department of Internal Medicine, College of Medicine, Chungbuk National University,  
Medical Research Institute, Chungbuk National University, Cheongju, Korea

#### ABSTRACT

**Background and Objectives :** The FK-506 binding protein 12 (FKBP12) regulates intracellular  $Ca^{2+}$  release by stabilizing the  $Ca^{2+}$ -induced  $Ca^{2+}$ -release channel (ryanodine receptor) in skeletal muscle. It has been recently shown that a different FKBP, FKBP12.6, is specifically associated with cardiac ryanodine receptor. Since the role of FKBP12.6 in excitation-contraction coupling in the cardiac muscle has not been precisely determined, its biological function was assessed and expression patterns of FKBP12.6 were evaluated in the various models of heart disease. **Materials and Method :** The mouse (m) FKBP12.6 gene was cloned and characterized after screening a mouse genomic DNA library using a mFKBP12.6 cDNA obtained through reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction. Expression levels of mFKBP12.6 was evaluated during cardiac development and in the models of cardiac hypertrophy and failure. **Results :** Both mFKBP12.6 and mFKBP12 contain an open reading frame of 327 nucleotides encoding 108 amino acids. Comparison of mFKBP12.6 cDNA to rat FKBP12.6, human FKBP12.6 and mFKBP12 cDNA revealed 95%, 94% and 74% identity in nucleotide sequence and 98%, 97% and 80% identity in amino acid sequence, respectively. Purified recombinant mFKBP12.6 migrated slower than either mFKBP12 or human FKBP12 on an SDS-polyacrylamide gel, despite having the same number of amino acids and a slightly lower calculated molecular mass. Northern blot analysis showed that the expression of FKBP12 and FKBP12.6 to be highest in brain. While the expression of FKBP12 was much stronger in adult than in embryonic hearts, it was further increased following pressure overload hypertrophy. FKBP12.6 mRNA expression analyzed by RNase protection assay was upregulated after induction of cardiac hypertrophy like FKBP12, whereas it was decreased in the failing heart. The mFKBP12.6 gene contains 5 exons and the protein coding region of the gene was divided into 4 exon modules. **Conclusion :** We report the molecular cloning and characterization of the mouse FKBP12.6 gene. According to these results, FKBP12 and FKBP12.6 may play a role in the development of cardiac hypertrophy and transition to heart failure. To precisely determine the role of FKBP12 and FKBP12.6 in the heart, a strategy using homologous recombination in embryonic stem cells to conditionally ablate exon 2 of mFKBP12.6 gene has been developed and initial characterization is now underway. (**Korean Circulation J 2001;31(7):711-721**)

**KEY WORDS :** FKBP12 · FKBP12.6 · Cloning · Gene · Transgenic.

## 서 론

FK - 506 binding protein(FKBP)

<sup>1)</sup> FKBP SDS - polyacrylamide gel (KDa)

FKBP9, FKBP12, FKBP13, FKBP25 FKBP52가 FKBP12.6 <sup>2-4)</sup> FKBP12

FK - 506 (intracellular receptor) immunophilin FK - 506 FKBP12

FK506 - FKBP12 complex serine/threonine phosphatase calcineurin T interleukin - 2

<sup>5)</sup> FKBP12 petidyl - prolyl isomerase folding assembly

physiological conformation, FK - 506 rapamycin FKBP12

skeletal muscle type ryanodine receptor(RyR - 1), <sup>6-8)</sup> inositol triphosphate receptor, <sup>9)10)</sup> transforming growth factor - Type I receptor <sup>11)12)</sup>

Skeletal muscle FKBP12 RyR - 1 sarcoplasmic reticulum(SR) terminal cistern (colocalize), FK - 506 rapamycin calcium - induced calcium - release(CICR) channel RyR - 1 open probability가 가 mean open time subconductance 가

FKBP12 RyR - 1 <sup>6)7)</sup> FKBP12.6 FKBP12

SR <sup>3)</sup> FKBP12.6 FKBP12 ryanodine receptor <sup>2)</sup> , FKBP12가

skeletal type RyR - 1 FKBP12.6 cardiac type ryanodine receptor(RyR - 2) CICR

channel RyR - 2 RyR - 2 가 <sup>2-4)</sup> FKBP12 coding DNA (rat), 95~100% FKBP12 5 exon 가 exon 3 exon 4가 FK506 rapamycin, cistrans isomerase activity, TGF - type I receptor binding functional domain <sup>13)14)</sup> FKBP12.6 cDNA cDNA 가 FKBP12.6 FKBP12 FKBP12.6 가 108 cDNA 74~ 85% 가 (isoform)

FKBP12 FKBP12.6 FKBP12 12.6 molecular cloning FKBP

(genetically engineered mouse)

## 재료 및 방법

마우스 FKBP12.6(mFKBP12.6) 유전자의 molecular cloning

FKBP12.6 FKBP12 mFKBP12.6 coding DNA sequence (cgs) FKBP12.6 cds forward primer(5' - ATGGGCGTGGAGATCG - AGAC - 3') reverse primer(5' - TCACTCTAA - GT TGAGCAGCTC - 3') polytron homogenizer 30 RNA isolation kit(RNA -

zol, GibcoBRL) RNA spectrophotometer RNA . Ran - dom hexamer first - strand DNA synthesis(RT - PCR kit, GibcoBRL) , primer (polymerase chain reaction, PCR) . PCR product 10 µl 1% ag - arose gel running band gel gene clean kit(QIEX II, GibcoBRL) purify . Gene clean DNA band TA clo - ning kit(Stratagene, USA) pCR2.1 vector cloning automatic se - quencing .

Genomic DNA library screening과 mapping 및 sub - cloning  
Lambda FIX vector 129 SVJ mouse genomic DNA library(Stratagene, USA) mFKBP12.6 . genomic DNA library insert size가 9~23 kb XL - 1 blue MRA(P2, Stratagene) . Genomic DNA library titration 15cm LB plating RT - PCR mFKBP12.6 coding DNA fragment probe hybridization . 1, 2, 3 screening phage DNA miniprep maxiprep(Qiagen, USA) mFKBP12.6 가 phage DNA . phage DNA 가 PCR mapping sequencing exon intron . mFKBP12.6 mFKBP12 exon forward reverse oligonu - cleotide primer PCR Southern blot analysis mFKBP12.6 orientation . mFKBP12.6 pBluescript plasmid subclone targeting construct

mFKBP12.6 coding DNA sequences의 homology search  
Genomic DNA library screening, mapping sub -

cloning sequence가 mFKBP12.6 cds FKBP12.6 sequence DNA sequence homology am - ino acid sequence homology . mFKBP12 FKBP12 Macaw software(version 2.0.5) National Cen - ter for Biotechnology Information(NCBI) BLAST sequence similarity program(<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/>) .

mFKBP12와 mFKBP12.6의 단백질의 합성과 항체의 제작

RT - PCR pCR2.1 vector subclone mFK - BP12 mFKBP12.6 DNA frame shift가 pGEX4T - 1 vector(Amersham, USA) subclone column method glutathione - S - transferase(GST) - mFKBP12 fusion protein GST - mFKBP12.6 fusion protein . GST - mFK - BP12 fusion protein GST - mFKBP12.6 fusion protein thrombin GST purified mFKBP12 mFKBP12.6 (GST - FKBP12.6 fusion pro - tein, pure FKBP12.6, GST - FKBP12 fusion protein, pure FKBP12) 15% SDS - PAGE gel purified FKBP FK - BP12(Sigma, USA) running electrical mobility , protein analysis mFKBP12 mFKBP12.6 physical property

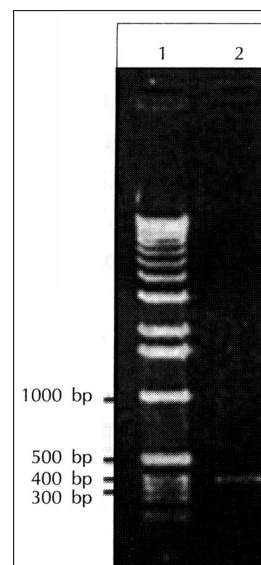
Polyclonal antibody GST - fusion protein GST - mFKBP12 fusion protein polyclonal . anti - mFKBP12 antibody purified FKBP FKBP 12 Western blot analysis .

여러 조직 및 심장의 발생과정에서 FKBP12와 FKBP 12.6 mRNA의 발현양상

, , , , , , , ,

liquid nitrogen  
homogenize RNA spectrophotometer RNA  
total RNA 10 µg 1% agarose gel running  
Northern blot nitrocellulose membrane transfer FKBP12 FKBP12.6 mRNA  
gestational age가 fetal heart embryonic day 15(E15.0) 17(E17.0), (neonate)  
Northern blot FKBP12 FKBP12.6 coding DNA fragment <sup>32</sup>P random labeling hybridization membrane stripping GAPDH  
심비후와 심부전모델에서 mFKBP12와 mFKBP12.6 mRNA의 발현정도  
(transverse aortic constriction, TAC)  
<sup>15)</sup> TAC 1 tibial length  
Duke University Dr. Howard A. Rockman (myogenic differentiation) muscle LIM protein (MLP) (complete knockout mouse, MLP<sup>-/-</sup>)  
<sup>16)</sup> TAC, MLP<sup>-/-</sup>  
total RNA Northern blot analysis direct-protect RNase protection assay (RPA kit, Ambion) FKBP12 FKBP12.6 mRNA expression FKBP  
형질전환마우스의 생성을 위한 Targeting construct의 제작과 microinjection  
FKBP12 FKBP12.6 cDNA - myosin heavy chain( MHC) promoter SV40 polyadenylation signal 가 pBI vector subcloning targeting construct , FKBP12.6

(conditional knockout)  
3 loxP pflox  
vector FKBP12.6  
결과  
mFKBP12.6 유전자의 molecular cloning과 물리적 특성  
RNA random hexamer first-strand DNA synthesis hFKBP12.6 cDNA primer  
(RT-PCR, 94 denaturation, 60 annealing, 72 chain extension 35 )  
PCR product 10 µl 1% agarose gel running(80 volts, 60 ) 327 bp single band (Fig. 1), pCR2.1 subcloning (automatic sequencing)  
327 bp mFKBP12.6 cDNA  
mFKBP12.6 cDNA (hFKBP12.6) (rFKBP12.6) cDNA DNA nucleotide 가 327 bp DNA sequence homology hFKBP12.6 94%(309/327 bp), rFKBP12.6 95%(313/327 bp)  
FKBP12 70~80%  
(Fig. 2).  
mFKBP12.6 108



**Fig. 1.** Agarose gel (1%) running of the RT-PCR product showed a band at the molecular weight of 327 bp. Lane 1 : molecular weight marker, Lane 2 : 10 µl of RT-PCR product.

BCM Search Launcher			mFKBP12	mFKBP12.6	GST - fusion
13	33	transmembrane - helix	protein	thrombin	
length가	hydrophobicity가	- 0.357	purified FKBP	electrical mobility	
mFKBP12.6		.	mFKBP12	14 KDa	
rFKBP12.6	98%(106/108 AA's),		mFKBP12.6	mFKBP12	electrical mo -
bovine FKBP12.6	97%(105/108 AA's)		bility가	17 KDa	(Fig. 3)
homology	FKBP12		FKBP가	108	
hFKBP12	82%(89/108 AA's), mFKBP		가		
12	80%(87/108 AA's)	homology	.	electrical mobility	TEMED - excess 15%

A	mFKBP12.6	ATGGGCGTGGAGATCGAGACCATCTCCCCAGGAGACGGAAGGACATTCCC
	hFKBP12.6	ATGGGCGTGGAGATCGAGACCATCTCCCCAGGAGACGGAAGGACATTCCC
	mFKBP12.6	TAAGAAGGGTCAGATATGTGTGGTGCACCTACACAGGAATGCTTCAAAATG
	hFKBP12.6	TAAGAAGGGTCAGATATGTGTGGTGCACCTACACAGGAATGCTTCAAAATG
	mFKBP12.6	GGAAGAAATTTGATTTCATCCAGAGACAGAAACAAACCTTTCAAGTTTCAGA
	hFKBP12.6	GGAAGAAATTTGATTTCATCCAGAGACAGAAACAAACCTTTCAAGTTTCAGA
B	mFKBP12.6	ATTGGCAAACAGGAAGTCATCAAGGCTTTGAAGAAGGCACTGCCCAGAT
	hFKBP12.6	ATTGGCAAACAGGAAGTCATCAAGGCTTTGAAGAAGGCACTGCCCAGAT
	mFKBP12.6	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
	hFKBP12.6	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
	mFKBP12.6	GAGCTACCGGGCCACCCGGTGTCTCCCTCCCAATGCCACCCCTCATCTTT
	hFKBP12.6	GAGCTACCGGGCCACCCGGTGTCTCCCTCCCAATGCCACCCCTCATCTTT
C	mFKBP12.6	GACCTGGAGCTGCTCACTTAGAGTGA
	hFKBP12.6	GACCTGGAGCTGCTCACTTAGAGTGA
	mFKBP12.6	ATGGGCGTGGAGATCGAGACCATCTCCCCAGGAGACGGAAGGACATTCCC
	mFKBP12	ATGGGAGTGGAGATCGAGACCATCTCTCTGGAGACGGGCGGACCTCCC
	mFKBP12.6	TAAGAAGGGTCAGATATGTGTGGTGCACCTACACAGGAATGCTTCAAAATG
	mFKBP12	TAAGAAGGGTCAGATATGTGTGGTGCACCTACACAGGAATGCTTCAAAATG
D	mFKBP12.6	GGAAGAAATTTGATTTCATCCAGAGACAGAAACAAACCTTTCAAGTTTCAGA
	mFKBP12	GGAAGAAATTTGATTTCATCCAGAGACAGAAACAAACCTTTCAAGTTTCAGA
	mFKBP12.6	ATTGGCAAACAGGAAGTCATCAAGGCTTTGAAGAAGGCACTGCCCAGAT
	mFKBP12	ATTGGCAAACAGGAAGTCATCAAGGCTTTGAAGAAGGCACTGCCCAGAT
	mFKBP12.6	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
	mFKBP12	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
E	mFKBP12.6	GAGCTACCGGGCCACCCGGTGTCTCCCTCCCAATGCCACCCCTCATCTTT
	mFKBP12	GAGCTACCGGGCCACCCGGTGTCTCCCTCCCAATGCCACCCCTCATCTTT
	mFKBP12.6	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
	mFKBP12	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
	mFKBP12.6	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
	mFKBP12	GAGCTTGGGGCAGAGGGCGAAGCTGACCTGCACCCCTGATGTGGCCTATG
F	mFKBP12.6	MGVEIETISPGDGRTPPKGQTCVVHYTGMLQNGKKFDSSRDNRKPKFRIGKQEVIKGF
	hFKBP12.6	MGVEIETISPGDGRTPPKGQTCVVHYTGMLQNGKKFDSSRDNRKPKFRIGKQEVIKGF
	mFKBP12.6	EEGPAQMSLGGQRAKLTCTPDVAYGATGHFQVIPPNTATLFDVVELLSLE
	hFKBP12.6	EEGPAQMSLGGQRAKLTCTPDVAYGATGHFQVIPPNTATLFDVVELLSLE
	mFKBP12.6	EEGPAQMSLGGQRAKLTCTPDVAYGATGHFQVIPPNTATLFDVVELLSLE
	hFKBP12.6	EEGPAQMSLGGQRAKLTCTPDVAYGATGHFQVIPPNTATLFDVVELLSLE

**Fig. 2.** Nucleotide and amino acid sequences of mouse FKBP12.6. DNA sequence homology was 94.5% (309/327 bp) between mFKBP12.6 and hFKBP12.6 (A) and was 74.9% (245/327 bp) between mFKBP12.6 and mFKBP12 (B). mFKBP12.6 was consisted of 108 amino acids and amino acid sequence homology was 97.2% (105/108 AA's) between mFKBP12.6 and hFKBP12.6 (C).

SDS - PAGE gel(0.25% TEMED 0.25% ammonium sulfate) FKBP12.6 (11.6 KDa) FKBP12 (11.8 KDa) GST - mFKBP12 fusion protein polyclonal anti - mFKBP12 antibody mFKBP12 mFKBP12.6 Western blot analysis

RT - PCR mFKBP12.6 cds probe

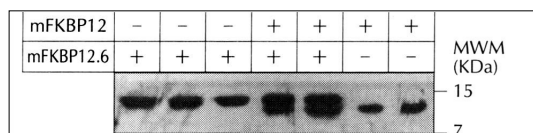
129 SVJ mouse genomic DNA library screening

1 screening 30 putative clone

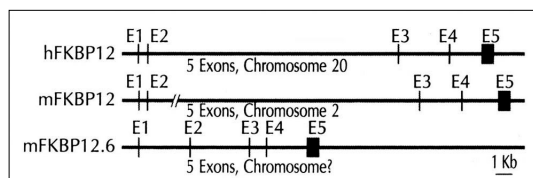
2 screening 47 positive clone

3 screening FKBP12.6 (14 Kb)가 bacteriophage lambda DNA miniprep restriction enzyme gene mapping sequencing exon intron . 14 Kb mFKBP12.6 fragment 4 exon(E1 - E4) 가 protein coding DNA sequence , mFKBP12.6 hFKBP12 mFKBP12 (Fig. 4).

여러 조직 및 심장의 발생과정에서 FKBP12와 FKBP12.6 mRNA의 발현양상



**Fig. 3.** Electrical mobility of mFKBP12 and mFKBP12.6. Despite a calculated molecular weight of mFKBP12.6 slightly less than that of mFKBP12, it migrates more slowly on TEMED-excess denaturing 15% SDS-PAGE gel than mFKBP12 (0.25% TEMED, 0.25% ammonium sulfate).



**Fig. 4.** Exon organization and structure of hFKBP12, mFKBP12 and mFKBP12.6 gene. E : exon.

FKBP12 mRNA 가

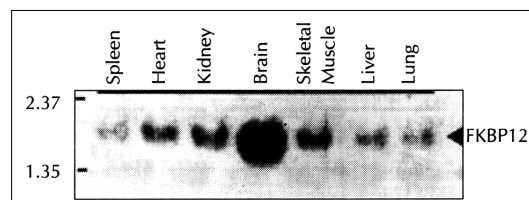
(Fig. 5). Northern blot analysis FKBP12.6 mRNA

FKBP12 mRNA embryonic day 15(E15.0)

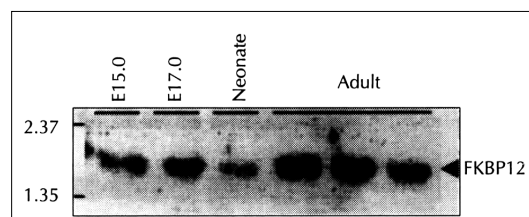
FKBP12.6 mRNA Northern blot analysis 가 (Fig. 6).

심비후와 심부전에서 FKBP12와 FKBP12.6 mRNA의 발현정도

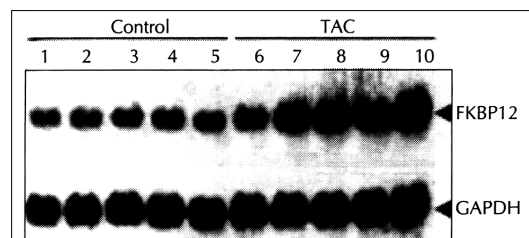
(n=5) FKBP12 mRNA 가 TAC (n=5)



**Fig. 5.** Steady-state FKBP12 mRNA levels in various mouse tissues.



**Fig. 6.** Expression of FKBP12 mRNA during cardiac development. FKBP12 mRNA was detected from the embryonic day 15 (E15.0) and was greater in the adult hearts than fetal hearts.



**Fig. 7.** FKBP12 mRNA expression of the hypertrophied hearts induced by transverse aortic constriction (TAC) was greater than that of control hearts.

FKBP12 mRNA 가  
(Fig. 7) MLP<sup>-/-</sup>  
(data not shown). Northern  
analysis internal control GAPDH

mRNA 가 MLP<sup>-/-</sup>  
FKBP12.6 mRNA  
. RNase protection assay internal control  
EF1 (Fig. 8).

FKBP12.6 mRNA No -  
rthern analysis 가 direct - protect  
RNase protection assay (n=2)  
가 TAC (n=4) FKBP12.6

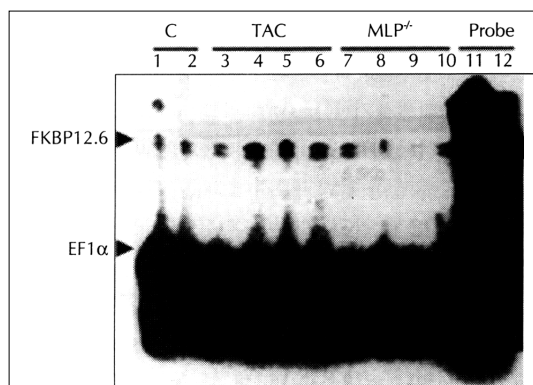
형질전환마우스의 생성을 위한 Targeting construct의  
제작

FKBP12 FKBP12.6  
cDNA MHC  
pro-moter 가 pIBI vector subcloning  
targeting construct (Fig. 9A).  
FKBP12.6

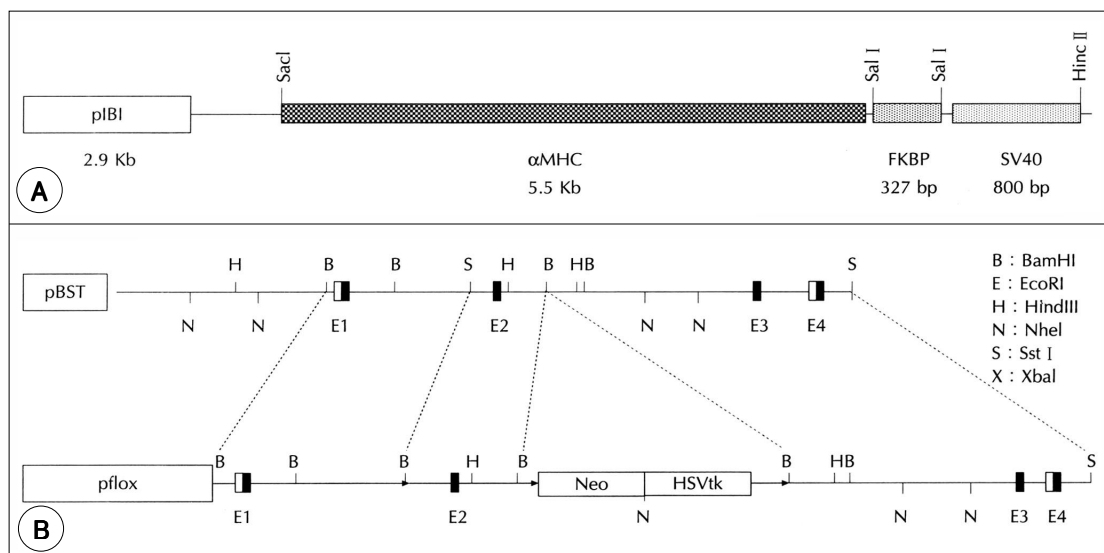
2 exon(E2)  
intron 1 2 pflox vector  
2 loxP FKBP12.6  
targeting construct (Fig. 9B).

## 고 찰

FKBP12 FKBP12.6  
2-4)17) FKBP12 108  
가 18  
phenylalanine tryptophan  
conservative substitution .



**Fig. 8.** RNase protection assay demonstrated FKBP12.6 mRNA expression of the TAC hearts was upregulated compared with that of control hearts and the expression level of FKBP12.6 in the heart failure models, MLP<sup>-/-</sup> mice, was less than controls. Lanes 11 and 12 were free probes of EF1 that is an internal control.



**Fig. 9.** Schematic illustration of targeting constructs for the generation of FKBP12 and FKBP12.6 overexpression mice (A) and conditional knockout mice (B). loxP site

FKBP12.6 FK - 506 calcin- subconductance 가 ,  
eurin FKBP12 . Lam magnesium 5-9)19)  
3) FKBP12.6 mRNA FKBP12 ,  
가 . FKBP12 RyR - 1 closed conformation  
FKBP12 mRNA 가 FKBP12  
FK - 506 (FKBP12<sup>-/-</sup>)  
FKBP12.6 FKBP12<sup>-/-</sup> E14.5  
(11.6 KDa) FKBP12 (11.8 KDa)  
denatuing gel (cardiac defect)  
3) mFKBP12 14  
KDa mFKBP12.6 mFKBP12 ele- 13) FKBP12 ryanodine receptor  
ctrical mobility가 17 KDa  
. FKBP12.6 DNA 가  
(h) (r) FKBP12  
mFKBP12.6 DNA nucleotide 327 bp (compaction)  
mFKBP12 DNA sequence homology 13)20) FKBP12 mRNA  
hFKBP12.6 94%(309/327 bp), rFKBP12.6 (E15.0)  
95%(313/327 bp) ,  
, FKBP12 70 80% TAC  
. hFKBP12 24 kb 20 FKBP12 mRNA  
(20p13) 5 exon TAC 1  
4 exon protein coding region 18) Northern blot analysis  
14 Kb mFKBP12.6  
fragment protein coding 4 - agonist  
exon(E1 - E4) 가 exon - adrenergic  
hFKBP12 mFKBP12 intron receptor (desensitization)  
가 . mFKBP12.6 21) - adrenergic receptor  
5' - untranslated region Gly - 13 sequence - adrenergic receptor kinase 1  
exon Gly - 13 Gly - 29 sequence 가가 FKBP12  
exon 3 Kb intron .  
hFKBP12 intron 79 bp FKBP12.6 FKBP12  
. intron hFKBP  
12 3.4 Kb, 1 Kb . FKBP12.6 RyR - 2  
exon Gly - 29 Glu - 66 residue coding FKBP12.6  
exon Met - 67 . Gln - 31, Asn - 32, Phe - 59 re -  
FKBP12.6 sidue가 RyR - 2  
gene targeting . 22) FKBP12 FKBP12.6 RyR -  
FK - 506 rapamycin RyR - 1 RyR - 2  
1 FKBP12 (stripping) FKBP12 FKBP12.6  
calcium caffeine RyR - FKBP12 - stripped RyR - 1  
1 open probability가 가 mean open time RyR - 2 FKBP12.6



FKBP12 - FKBP12

SR FKBP12.6 FKBP12

<sup>2)</sup> FKBP가 RyR FKBP12.6

FKBP12가 RyR - 1 closed SR

conformation

FKBP12.6 RyR - 2 channel

, FKBP12.6 RyR - 1 transgenic technology double triple trans -

RyR - 1 genic mice 가 .

가 FKBP12

가 RyR - 2 modulation FKBP12.6 요 약

RyR - 2

가 . FKBP12.6 연구배경과 목적 :

SR FK - 506 binding protein(FKBP)

Northern blot analysis

가

FKBP12.6 mRNA , FKBP9, FKBP

direct - protect RNase protection assay 12, FKBP13, FKBP25 FKBP52가

FKBP12 FKBP FKBP12.6 . FKBP12

12.6 mRNA 가 ryanodine receptor type 1

FKBP12 mRNA 가 FKBP12.6 mRNA , FKBP12.6 ryanodine

downregulation . receptor type 2

adenovirus FKBP12.6 FKBP

SR (leak)

SR 가 mFKBP12 mFKBP12.6

<sup>23)</sup> FKBP12 FKBP12.

FKBP12.6 downregulation 6

RyR - 2 closed conformation

leaky channel

가 .

[<sup>3</sup>H]dihydro - FK506 - binding assay RNA RT - PCR

FKBP12.6 (Bmax)가 83% RyR - 2 mFKBP12.6 cDNA . geno -

(interaction) <sup>24)</sup> SR RyR - FKBP mic DNA library 3 mFKBP12.6

12.6 complex leak가 molecular cloning PCR Southern blot

FKBP12.6 가 <sup>25)</sup> analysis mFKBP12.6 orientation

FKBP12 FKBP12.6 , nce . mFKBP12.6 coding DNA seque-

calcium - induced calcium - release channel

RyR - 2 . Jun -

ctional SR protein junctin, triadin, calsequestrin Northern blot analysis direct - pro -

tect RNase protection assay

targeting construct

microinjection

결 과 :

1) mFKBP12.6 DNA nucleotide (h)  
(r) FKBP12.6 mFKBP12  
327 bp , (seq -  
uence homology) hFKBP12.6 94%(309/327 bp),  
rFKBP12.6 95%(313/327 bp) mFKBP  
12 74%

2) mFKBP12.6 mFKBP12 108  
가 hFKBP12.6 97%, rFKBP12.6 98%,  
hFKBP12 82%, mFKBP12 80%  
mFKBP12.6 (11.8KDa)  
FKBP12 (11.9KDa) FKBP12.6  
TEMED - excess SDS - PAGE gel mFKBP12  
GST - mFKBP12  
fusion protein pol -  
yclonal anti - mFKBP12 antibody mFKBP  
12 mFKBP12.6 Western  
blot analysis

3) mFKBP12.6 4 exon(E1 - E4)  
protein coding exon hFKBP12  
mFKBP12 intron 가  
hFKBP12 mFKBP12

4) FKBP12 FKBP12.6 mRNA  
가 FKBP12 mRNA  
E15.0

5) FKBP12 FKBP12  
FKBP12.6 mRNA 가  
FKBP12 mRNA 가 FKBP 12.6  
mRNA (downregulation)

6) FKBP12 FKBP12.6  
MHC  
promoter 가 pIBI vector 3 loxP  
pflox vector targeting const -  
ruct

결 론 :

mFKBP12.6

FKBP12 FKBP12.6  
ryanodine receptor

FKBP12 FKBP12.6

중심 단어 : FKBP12 · FKBP12.6 ·

1999

## REFERENCES

- 1) Marks AR. *Cellular functions of immunophilins*. *Physiol Rev* 1996;76:631-49.
- 2) Timerman AP, Onoue H, Xin HB, Barg S, Copello J, Wiederrecht G, et al. *Selective binding of FKBP12.6 by the cardiac ryanodine receptor*. *J Biol Chem* 1996;271:20385-91.
- 3) Lam E, Martin MM, Timerman AP, Sabers C, Fleischer S, Lukas T, et al. *A novel FK506 binding protein can mediate the immunosuppressive effects of FK506 and is associated with the cardiac ryanodine receptor*. *J Biol Chem* 1997;270:26511-22.
- 4) Sewell TJ, Lam E, Martin MM, Leszyk J, Weidner J, Calaycay J, et al. *Inhibition of calcineurin by a novel FK506-binding protein*. *J Biol Chem* 1994;269:21094-102.
- 5) Cardenas ME, Zhu D, Heitman J. *Molecular mechanisms of immunosuppression by cyclosporine, FK506, and rapamycin*. *Curr Opin Nephrol Hypertens* 1995;4:472-7.
- 6) Jayaraman T, Brillantes A-M, Timerman AP, Fleischer S, Erdjument-Bromage H, Tempst P, et al. *FK506 binding protein associated with the calcium release channel (ryanodine receptor)*. *J Biol Chem* 1992;267:9474-7.
- 7) Ahern GP, Junankar PR, Dulhunty AF. *Subconductance states in single-channel activity of skeletal muscle ryanodine receptors after removal of FKBP12*. *Biophys J* 1997;72:146-62.
- 8) Brillantes A-MB, Ondrias K, Scott A, Kobrinisky E, Ondriasova E, Moschella MC, et al. *Stabilization of calcium release channel (ryanodine receptor) function by FK506-binding protein*. *Cell* 1994;77:513-23.
- 9) Bultynck G, De Smet P, Weidema AF, Ver Heyen M, Maes K, Callewaert G, et al. *Effects of the immunosuppressant FK506 on intracellular  $Ca^{2+}$  release and  $Ca^{2+}$  accumulation mechanisms*. *J Physiol* 2000;525:681-93.
- 10) Cameron AM, Steiner JP, Roskams AJ, Ali SM, Ronnett GV, Snyder SH. *Calcineurin associated with the inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor-FKBP12 complex modulates  $Ca^{2+}$  flux*. *Cell* 1995;83:463-72.
- 11) Wang T, Li BY, Danielson PD, Shah PC, Rockwell S, Lechleider RJ, et al. *The immunophilin FKBP12 functions as a common inhibitor of the TGF beta family type I*

- receptors. *Cell* 1996;86:435-44.
- 12) Aghdasi B, Ye K, Resnick A, Huang A, Ha HC, Guo X, et al. FKBP12, the 12-kDa FK506-binding protein, is a physiologic regulator of the cell cycle. *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 2001;98:2425-30.
  - 13) Shou W, Aghdasi B, Armstrong DL, Guo Q, Bao S, Charng MJ, et al. Cardiac defects and altered ryanodine receptor function in mice lacking FKBP12. *Nature* 1998;391:489-92.
  - 14) Van Duyne GD, Standaert RF, Karplus PA, Schreiber SL, Clardy J. Atomic structures of the human immunophilin FKBP-12 complexes with FK506 and rapamycin. *J Mol Biol* 1993;229:105-24.
  - 15) Rockman HA, Ross RS, Harris AN, Knowlton KU, Steinhilber ME, Field LJ, et al. Segregation of atrial-specific and inducible expression of an atrial natriuretic factor transgene in an in vivo murine model of cardiac hypertrophy. *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA* 1991;88:8277-81.
  - 16) Arber S, Hunter JJ, Ross J, Hongo M, Sansig G, Borg J, et al. MLP-deficient mice exhibit a disruption of cardiac cytoarchitectural organization, dilated cardiomyopathy, and heart failure. *Cell* 1997;88:393-403.
  - 17) Barg S, Copello JA, Fleischer S. Different interactions of cardiac and skeletal muscle ryanodine receptors with FK-506 binding protein isoforms. *Am J Physiol* 1997;272:C1726-33.
  - 18) DiLella AG, Craig RJ. Exon organization of the human FKBP-12 gene: correlation with structural and functional protein domains. *Biochemistry* 1991;30:8512-7.
  - 19) Bandyopadhyay A, Shin DW, Ahn JO, Kim DH. Calcineurin regulates ryanodine receptor/Ca<sup>2+</sup>-release channels in rat heart. *Biochem J* 2000;352:61-70.
  - 20) Koide M, Obata K, Iio A, Iida M, Harayama H, Yokota M, et al. Function of FK506 binding protein (FKBP) in chick embryonic cardiac development. *Heart Vessels* 1997; Suppl 12:7-9.
  - 21) Choi DJ, Koch WJ, Hunter JJ, Rockman HA. Mechanism of beta-adrenergic receptor desensitization in cardiac hypertrophy is increased beta-adrenergic receptor kinase. *J Biol Chem* 1997;272:17223-9.
  - 22) Xin HB, Rogers K, Qi Y, Kanematsu T, Fleischer S. Three amino acid residues determine selective binding of FK506-binding protein 12.6 to the cardiac ryanodine receptor. *J Biol Chem* 1999;274:15315-9.
  - 23) Prestle J, Janssen PM, Janssen AP, Zeitz O, Lehnart SE, Bruce L, et al. Overexpression of FK506-binding protein FKBP12.6 in cardiomyocytes reduces ryanodine receptor-mediated Ca<sup>2+</sup> leak from the sarcoplasmic reticulum and increases contractility. *Circ Res* 2001;88:188-94.
  - 24) Ono K, Yano M, Ohkusa T, Kohno M, Hisaoka T, Tanigawa T, et al. Altered interaction of FKBP12.6 with ryanodine receptor as a cause of abnormal Ca<sup>2+</sup> release in heart failure. *Cardiovasc Res* 2000;48:323-31.
  - 25) Yano M, Ono K, Ohkusa T, Suetsugu M, Kohno M, Hisaoka T, et al. Altered stoichiometry of FKBP12.6 versus ryanodine receptor as a cause of abnormal Ca<sup>2+</sup> leak through ryanodine receptor in heart failure. *Circulation* 2000;102:2131-6.