

## 소아에서의 카테콜라민성 다형 심실 빈맥

유정진 · 노정일 · 손재성 · 송진영 · 김호성  
 배은정 · 최정연 · 윤용수 · 정해일 · 최 용

### Catecholaminergic Polymorphic Ventricular Tachycardia in Children

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#### ABSTRACT

**Purpose** : Catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia (CPVT) is the disease entity of adrenergic dependent, potentially lethal tachyarrhythmia in a child with no structural heart disease, which manifest itself as a syncope or sudden death. The objective of this study is to present our experiences on this important, although rare, disease. **Methods** : Retrospective analysis of 5 patients with episodes of syncope related to exercise, who were referred to our hospital from January 1985 to December 1998. **Results** : All patients were male and the mean age at the time of the first syncopal episode was  $5.1 \pm 3.2$  years (range 1.3 to 10 years). There were no structural cardiac abnormalities in clinical and laboratory evaluations. In all, polymorphic ventricular tachycardia showing the characteristic pattern of CPVT in which, as the heart became stimulated adrenergically, isolated ventricular premature beats appeared, increased with rate, became polymorphic, finally formed burst with bidirectional salvos and disappeared in resting state was induced during exercise test and/or isoproterenol infusion test. During the mean follow up period of  $3.75 \pm 3.1$  years (range 1 month to 7.3 years), one died suddenly. In this case, low dose of  $\beta$ -blocker was administered because of associated sinus bradycardia resulting in incomplete control of the syncopal episodes. The other 4 cases were alive and asymptomatic by means of adequate modification of  $\beta$ -blocker dosage and method of administration. **Conclusions** : This study emphasizes that CPVT is an important, although rare, cause of exercise related syncope in children and can be diagnosed by means of exercise test and/or isoproterenol infusion.  $\beta$ -blockers were very effective in all cases, even though increasing amount of  $\beta$ -blocker was frequently necessary to control ventricular arrhythmia in some cases. (*Korean Circulation J 2000;30(2):191-197*)

**KEY WORDS** : Catecholaminergic polymorphic ventricular tachycardia · Syncope ·  $\beta$ -blocker · Children.

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서 론

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isoproterenol

0.01 µg/kg

Viskin <sup>1)</sup>

QT (LQTS),

. 3

(CPVT), <sup>2)</sup> short-coupled variant of torsade de pointes (TdP), <sup>3)</sup>

isoproterenol test

가

, Brugada <sup>4)</sup>

CPVT

결 과

1975 Reid <sup>5)</sup>

, Leenhardt

임상적 및 검사상 특성들 (Table 1)

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isoproterenol

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5.1 ± 3.2 ( 1.3 10 )

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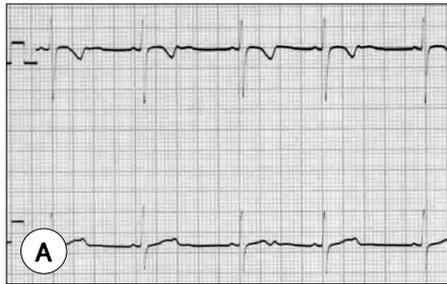
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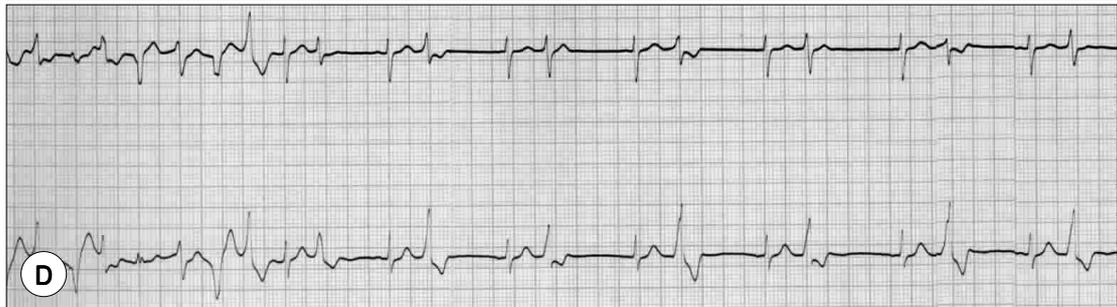
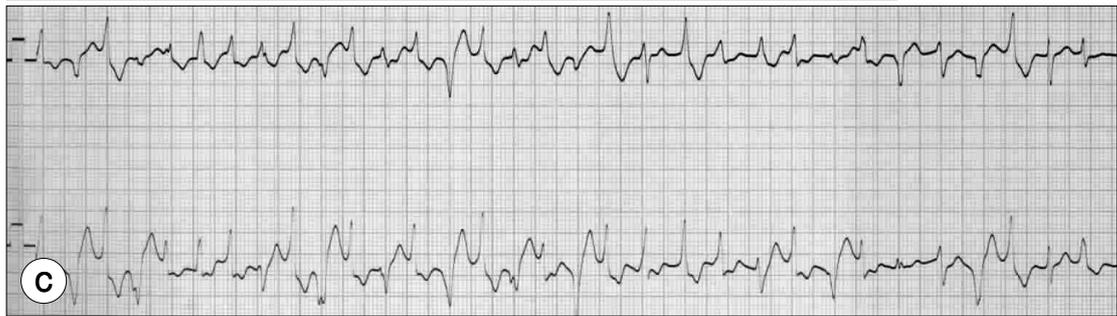
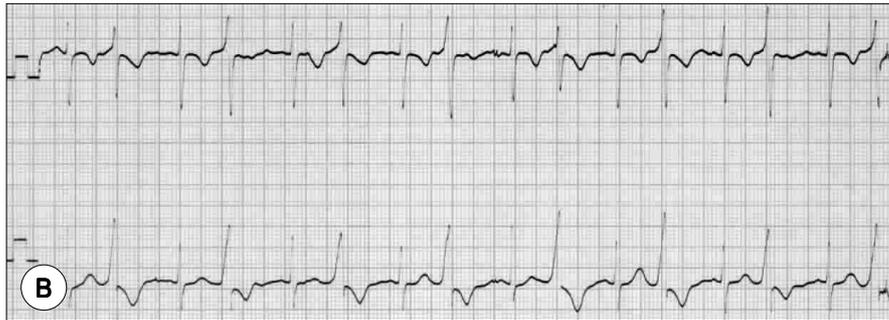
Table 1. Clinical features and ECG characteristics of 5 cases

No	Onset Age	Initial Dx	QTc (sec)	VPB threshold (bpm)	Iso. Conc at VT induction (mcg/kg/min)	Rate of VT (bpm)
1	10y	VT	0.42	106	0.01	285
2	5yr 10 m	sz	0.52	100		192
3	4yr 3 m	sz	0.46	102		240
4	4yr	sz	0.42	100	0.03	210
5	1yr 3 m	sz	0.48	104	0.04	267
	5.1 ± 3.2 yr		0.46 ± 0.04	102.4 ± 2.61		238.8 ± 38.6

VPB : ventricular premature beats, VT : ventricular tachycardia, Iso : isoproterenol, Conc : concentration, sz : seizure



**Fig. 1.** Initial exercise test of patient (case 4). A : Pre-exercise state. Heart rate : 69 beats/min. B : Bigeminy rhythm after heart rate rised over threshold heart rate for ventricular premature beats. C : Typical bidirectional ventricular tachycardia at terminal exercise phase. D : Conversion from bidirectional ventricular tachycardia to bigeminy rhythm on resting.



가, 2 (201 - T wave T ( 2, 3, 5), notched T wave, U 가 . 3 ( 1, 4, 5) isoproterenol infusion test Leen - hardt <sup>2)</sup> 가 가

심전도상 특성들 12 3 QTc가 450 ms

Thallium dipyridamole SPECT, 99m Tc - MIBI dipyridamole SPECT)

**Table 2.** Follow up and outcome of all 5 cases

No	F/U Period	(Initial 24-h ECG)		(Last 24-h ECG)		Syncope attack on F/U	Drug (mg/kg/d)	Drug side effect	Outcome
		VPB/d	VT/d	VPB/d	VT/d				
1	3yr 9 m	26	0	404	14	2	Aten. 2.4	No	Alive
2	6yr 4 m	284	9	1216	19	1	Nado. 0.5	No	Dead
3	7yr 4 m	2922	93	840	1	4	Nado. 2.8 Prop. 1.2	Lethargy	Alive
4	1 m	482	16	0	0	0	Nado. 2.5	No	Alive
5	1yr 5 m	402	16	39	0	0	Nado. 3.1	No	Alive

VPB : ventricular premature beat, VT : ventricular tachycardia, Aten. : atenolol, Nado. : nadolol, Prop. : propranolol

isolated, quadrigeminy, trigeminy bigeminy 가 가 (Fig. 1). 5) - 24 102.4 ± 2.61 / 24 1 ( 2) 4 ( 2) - 6 st - 가 30 5 , , 238.8 ± 38.6 bpm 가

치료와 추적관찰 (Table 2)

3.75 ± 3.1 (1 7.3 ) nadolol 0.5 mg/kg/day 24 가 고 찰 Table 2 Viskin <sup>1)</sup> , 가 1 isoproterenol infusion , 24 , 24 가 . 5 - 가 . 1 ( 3) atenolol 2 mg/kg/day , - 1.6 mg/kg/day 1 , 12 ST 6 2.8 mg/kg/day , 24 TdP가 , short coupled 37 가 1 variant of TdP, , Brugada , - dolol na - na - dolol , nonselective - blocker , -

arrhythmogenic right ventricular dysplasia  
가  
isoproterenol infusion test  
3.75  
-  
가  
Leenhardt<sup>2)</sup> CPVT  
QTc가  
<sup>1)</sup> QTc CPVT  
QTc  
LQTS  
probability 3 가  
TdP  
, ne -  
urally mediated syncope  
LQTS  
12  
TU complex QT  
TdP  
reproducibility가  
larization triggered activity  
, Woelfel<sup>11)</sup>  
LQTS  
LQTS TdP  
, cycle length가  
, T  
가 , isoproterenol infusion test  
LQTS  
<sup>2)7)</sup> Leenhardt<sup>2)</sup> CPVT  
QRS - T complex slow phase  
가 , 가  
CPVT LQTS  
, LQTS QTc  
가  
, CPVT  
QTc 5  
CPVT  
QTc

<sup>8-10)</sup> high pro-  
bability LQTS  
CPVT  
가  
, Woelfel<sup>11)</sup>  
, 120 ± 190  
, Leenhardt<sup>2)</sup> 122 ±  
, Bernuth<sup>12)</sup> 100 ± 130  
, CPVT  
102.4 ± 2.61 Leen-  
hardt<sup>2)</sup>  
, Coumel<sup>7)</sup>  
programmed pacing  
afterdepo-  
triggered activity  
cycle length가  
triggered acti-  
. CPVT  
가  
Nakajima<sup>13)</sup> CPVT 1  
monophasic action potential phase 4  
humps가 isoproterenol  
, propranolol  
humps  
delayed afterdepolarization triggered ac-  
tivity  
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pranolol 2.5 mg/kg/day, atenolol 1.2 mg/kg/day, nadolol 0.5 mg/kg/day .<sup>14)</sup> CPVT  
 Trippel <sup>15)</sup>  
 atenolol 1.2 2.2 mg/kg/day

isoproterenol infusion test  
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결 과 :  
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 5.1 ± 3.2 ( 1.3 10 ) . 4

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CPVT . 24

8)11)12)16)18) Woelfel <sup>11)</sup>

3.75 ± 3.1 ( 1

7.3 ) , -

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CPVT

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중심 단어 :

요 약

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연구목적 :

CPVT

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방 법 :

1984 1998

CPVT

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