

허혈 유사 조건이 심방근의 활동전위 특성에 미치는 영향

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Influence of Ischemic-Simulation on the Action Potential Characteristics in Rat Atrial Fibers

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ABSTRACT

Background : To investigate the mechanisms of myocardial ischemia induced changes of electrophysiological properties, influences of various ischemic-simulated Tyrode's solutions on the changes of action potential characteristics were examined. **Method :** Action potential characteristics were measured during superfusion with various ischemic-simulated solutions (modified physiologic salt solution ; MPSS) by the method of conventional microelectrode technique in rat atrial fibers. **Results :** Hypoxic-, hyperkalemic-, and mixed-MPSS decreased maximum diastolic potential (MDP) and action potential amplitude (APA), however, no significant changes of MDP and APA were observed by acidic- and glucose-free-MPSS. Maximum velocity of phase 0 depolarization (dV/dt_{max}) and time for 90% repolarization (APD_{90}) significantly decreased during hypoxic- and mixed-MPSS superfusion, and hyperkalemic-MPSS also decreased the dV/dt_{max} and APD_{90} . However, no significant changes in dV/dt_{max} and APD_{90} were observed by acidic- and glucose-free-MPSS. The decreasing effects of dV/dt_{max} and APD_{90} by the MPSSes were attenuated when the MPSSes were replaced with normal Tyrode's solution. DPCPX (2×10^{-6} M), a purinergic antagonist, inhibited the decreasing effects of APD_{90} at 5, 10, and 20 min superfusion of the mixed-MPSS, and glibenclamide (10^{-6} M), a K_{ATP} channel blocker, inhibited those at 10 and 20 min superfusion of the mixed-MPSS. Diclofenac (10^{-6} M), a cyclooxygenase inhibitor inhibited only those at 20 min superfusion of the mixed-MPSS. **Conclusion :** The primary factors for changing the electrophysiological characteristics during ischemic insults could be hypoxia and high-extracellular K^+ , and the mechanisms of the electrophysiological changes are inferred that adenosine through purinoceptors is involved initially, and followed by K_{ATP} channel and prostanoids. (Korean Circulation J 1999;29(11):1225-1233)

KEY WORDS : Ischemia · Rat · Atrial fiber · Action potential · Tyrode.

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서 론

(conventional microelectrode technique)

방 법

(200 250 g, Sprague Dawley)
 1) 가, 2) Tyrode (: NaCl 131 mM, Na-HCO₃ 18 mM, KCl 5.4 mM, NaH₂PO₄ 1.8 mM, MgCl₂ 1.0 mM, CaCl₂ 1.8 mM, Dextrose 5.5 mM, 95% O₂ -5% CO₂ 가 bubbling pH = 7.4 37
 3) (hypoxia), 5) catecholamine¹⁻⁷⁾
 adenosine triphosphate(ATP)) 7 ml/min bath
 1
⁸⁾⁹⁾ , microelectrode puller(Vertical type, Stoelting Co.) 3M
 (sarcoplasmic reticulum)¹⁰⁾ KCl (DC 10~30 M
 가) micromanipulator(3 axis, Brinkmann), electrometer (S7071A, WPI)
 (5113, Tektronix) physiological recorder(2400, Gould) (C-51, Tektronics) (Figs. 1 and 2).
 가 가
 가
 가
 가 가
 adenosine (S48, Grass) bipolar silver electrode(0.1 mm) 가 1.5 Hz , 1 msec
 Ca²⁺¹¹⁻¹³⁾가 , anoxia
 ATP- (K_{ATP})¹⁴⁾¹⁵⁾ 가
 NO(endothelium-derived relaxing factor ; EDRF)¹⁶⁻¹⁸⁾
¹⁹⁻²²⁾
 Tyrode oscilloscope (Figs.

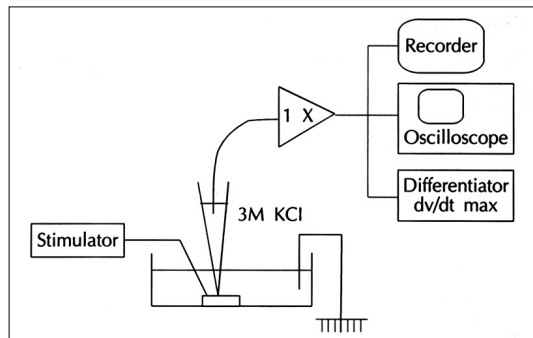


Fig. 1. Schematic diagram of the electrophysiological recording system used in the present study.

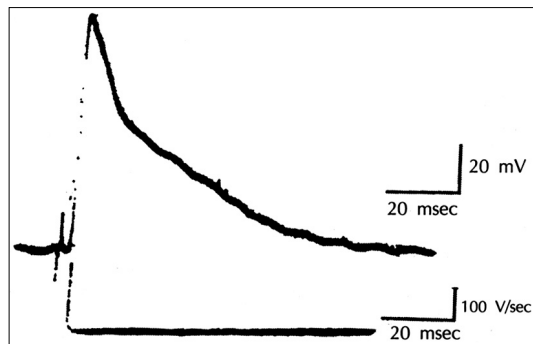


Fig. 2. Action potential characteristics evoked at a stimulation rate 1.5 Hz in rat atrial fibers (upper trace). Lower trace shows the dV/dt of the upper trace and the apparent vertical bar is the dV/dt_{max} indicating the maximum velocity of the phase 0 depolarization.

1 and 2).

in vitro

Tyrodine (modified physiological salt solution = MPSS) bath

- 1) MPSS : Tyrodine 95% N_2 + 5% CO_2 가 bubbling pO_2 가 50 mmHg pH 7.4
- 2) MPSS : Tyrodine 60% O_2 + 4% CO_2 가 bubbling pO_2 600, pCO_2 200 mmHg, pH 6.8
- 3) MPSS : Tyrodine gl -ucose 90% O_2 + 5% CO_2 가 bubbl -ing pO_2 600 mmHg, pH 7.4가

4) MPSS : Tyrodine 10 mM 가 95% O_2 + 5% CO_2 가 bubbling pO_2 600 mmHg, pH 7.4가

5) MPSS : Tyrodine glu -cose 10 mM 가 60% N_2 + 4% CO_2 가 bubbling pO_2 가 50 mmHg 가 pCO_2 200 mmHg, pH 6.8

MPSS peristaltic pump(Miniplus 2, Gilson) 7 ml/min

가

8 - 2 - p - (2 - carboxylethyl)

phenethylamino - 5' - N - 8 - cyclopentyl - 1,3 - dipr - opy - 1xanthine(DPCPX ; RBI), glibenclamide(Sig - ma), diclofenac(RBI) dimethylsulfo - xide(DMSO, Sigma)

un -

paired Student's t - test

결 과

정상 Tyrodine 액(normal physiological salt solution = NPSS) 관류하의 활동전위 특성

(maximum diastolic potentials ; MDP) -80 ± 1.2 mV, phase 0 (dV/dt_{max}) 260 ± 23.9 V/sec, (action potential amplitude ; APA) 108 ± 3.9 mV, 90% (action potential duration ; APD_{90}) 76 ± 5.2 msec (Fig. 2, Table 1 control).

허혈성 Tyrodine 액(modified physiological salt solution = MPSS) 관류하에서의 활동전위 특성의 변동

MDP () MPSS 10 1 MPSS 11 mV

Table 1. Effects of various ischemic-simulated Tyrode's solution (modified physiologic salt solution) on action potential characteristics in rat atrial fibers at 10 min superfusion of the solution

	MDP (mV)	dV/dtmax (V/sec)	APA (mV)	APD90 (ms)
1. Control	- 80 ± 1.2	260 ± 23.9	108 ± 3.9	76 ± 5.2
2. Hypoxic	- 69 ± 2.1*	135 ± 14.2*	84 ± 2.0*	34 ± 3.9*
3. Acidic	- 78 ± 1.5	247 ± 16.7	104 ± 2.7	79 ± 4.2
4. Glucose-free	- 81 ± 1.4	258 ± 17.2	110 ± 4.1	71 ± 4.9
5. Hyperkalemic	- 67 ± 1.1*	209 ± 15.6*	79 ± 2.4*	60 ± 3.9*
6. Mixed (2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	- 66 ± 1.4*	131 ± 22.3*	80 ± 1.9*	37 ± 3.6*

MDP : maximal diastolic potential, dV/dtmax : maximum upstroke velocity of phase 0 depolarization, APA : action potential amplitude, APD90 : action potential duration for 90% repolarization. Numerals are mean ± SEM of 5 to 6 experimental results. * : p<0.05, by Student's t-test as compared to the control

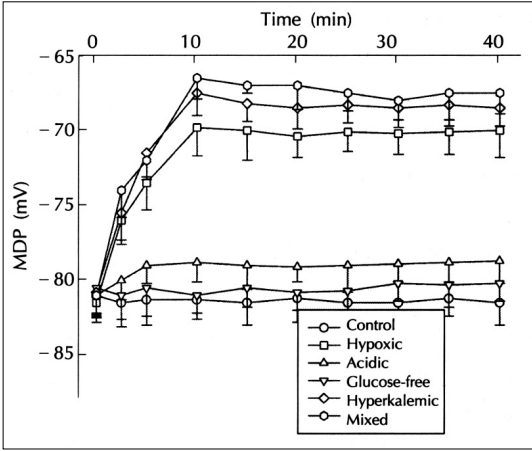


Fig. 3. Effects of various MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution) superfusion on the maximum diastolic potential (MDP) in rat atrial preparations. Each point is the mean ± SEM of observations from 5 to 6 experiments. Control means normal Tyrode's solution, and the other MPSSes were prepared by modifying the content of normal Tyrode's solution as follows, Hypoxic : pO₂<50 mmHg, Acidic : pCO₂=200 mmHg, pH=6.8, Glucose-free : glucose (-), Hyperkalemic : 10 mM K⁺, Mixed : glucose (-), pO₂<50 mmHg, pCO₂=200 mmHg, 10 mM K⁺, pH=6.8. See methods for further details about each experimental MPSS.

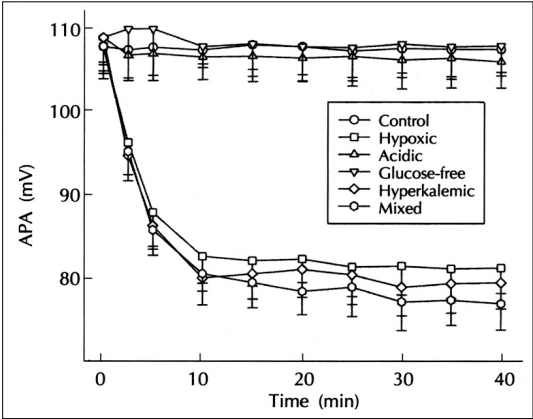


Fig. 4. Effects of various MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution) superfusion on the action potential amplitude (APA) in rat atrial preparations. The other legends are the same as in the Fig. 3.

(13%), MPSS 13 mV(16%), MPSS 14 mV(18%) . (Fig. 3). MPSS APA , MPSS 24 mV(22%), MPSS 28 mV(25%), MPSS 26 mV(24%) .

MPSS dV/dt_{max} 가 10 1 . MPSS MPSS APA MPSS 125 V/ sec(48%), MPSS 45 V/sec(18%), MPSS 129 V/sec(50%) . MPSS 가 (Fig. 5). APD₉₀ , dV/dt_{max} MPSS

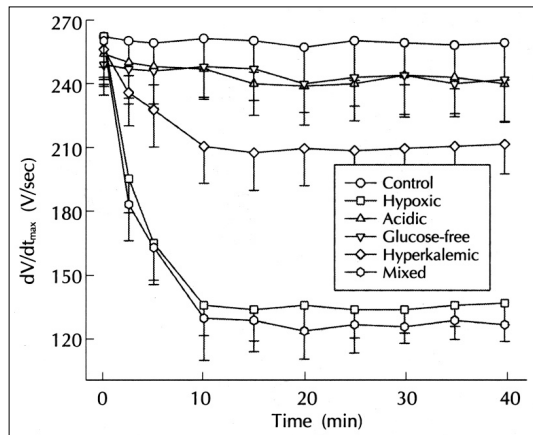


Fig. 5. Effects of various MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution) superfusion on the maximum velocity of phase 0 depolarization (dV/dt_{max}) in rat atrial preparations. The other legends are the same as in the Fig. 3.

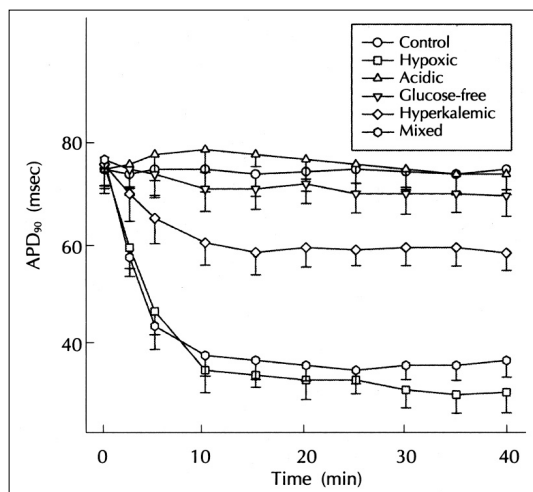


Fig. 6. Effects of various MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution) superfusion on the action potential duration for 90% repolarization (APD_{90}) in rat atrial preparations. The other legends are the same as in the Fig. 3.

10
1
MPSS
MP -
SS
가
MPSS
(55%), MPSS 16 msec(21%),
MPSS 40 msec(52%)
MPSS
(Fig. 6).

허혈성 Tyrode 액(MPSS) 관류중 정상 Tyrode 액 (NPSS)으로의 교체관류시의 활동전위 변동효과

MPSS
APD₉₀ MPSS NPSS
APD₉₀
NPSS MPSS
91%, 10
84%, 20
67%
(Fig. 7).

MPSS
dV/dt_{max} APD 90 가
MPSS NPSS
dV/dt_{max}가
dV/dt_{max}
NPSS MPSS 5
84%, 10 74%, 20
60%
가 APD₉₀
APD₉₀
(Fig. 8).

허혈성 Tyrode 액 관류시의 활동전위 특성 변동에 미치는 길항제 및 차단제의 영향

DPCPX(2×10^{-6} M)
MPSS 5, 10 20
APD 90
MPSS 10 56% 가
5 43%, 20
36%
ATP - (K_{ATP} channel)
glibenclamide(10^{-6} M) MPSS (5)
APD₉₀
10 20 APD₉₀ 69%
70%
cyclooxygenase diclofenac
(10^{-6} M) MPSS (5 10)
APD₉₀
20 APD₉₀
(Fig. 9).
MPSS

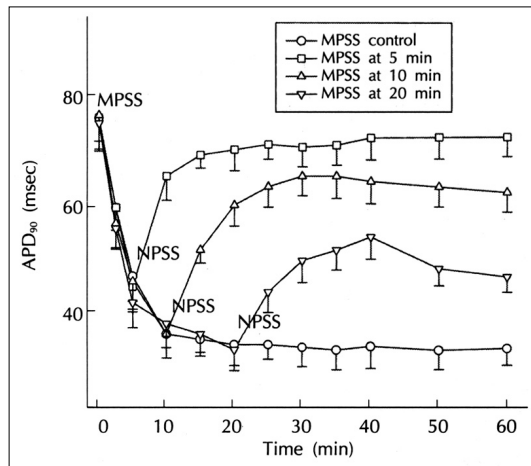


Fig. 7. Effects of replaced superfusion with normal Tyrode's solution (normal physiologic salt solution ; NPSS) on the MPSS-induced shortening effect of action potential duration (APD₉₀) in rat atrial preparations. MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution) was replaced with NPSS 5, 10, and 20 min after MPSS superfusion respectively. Each point is the mean \pm SEM of observations from 5 to 6 experiments.

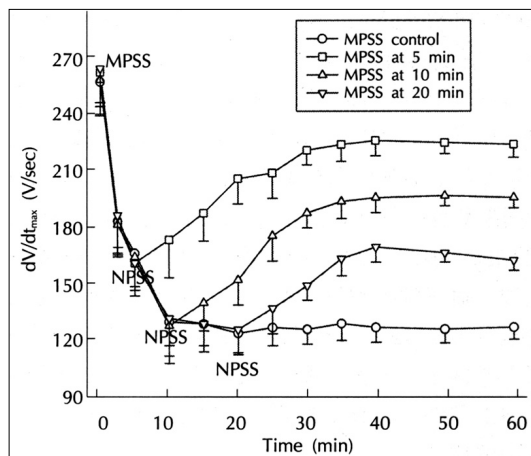


Fig. 8. Effects of replaced superfusion with normal Tyrode's solution (normal physiologic salt solution ; NPSS) on the MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution)-induced decreasing effect of maximum velocity of phase 0 depolarization (dV/dt_{max}) in rat atrial preparations. The other legends are the same as in the Fig. 7.

dV/dt_{max} DPCPX(2×10^{-6} M), glibenclamide(10^{-6} M), diclofenac(10^{-6} M)
(Fig. 10).

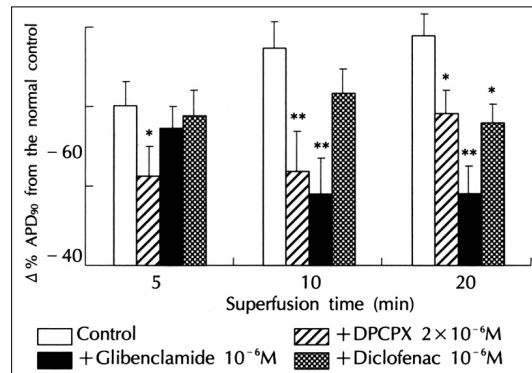


Fig. 9. Influences of DPCPX, glibenclamide, and diclofenac on the MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution)-induced action potential shortening effects at various time points after MPSS superfusion in rat atrial preparations. Each square bar is the mean \pm SEM of observations from 5 to 6 experiments. * : $p < 0.05$ by Student's *t*-test as compared with the control.

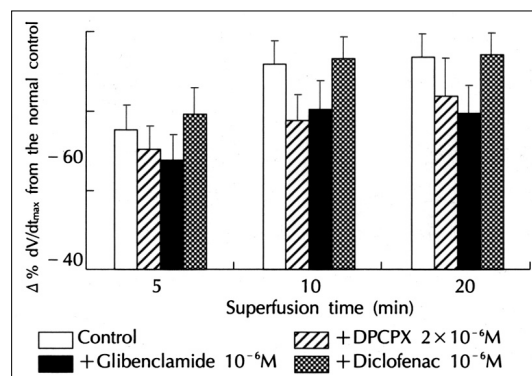


Fig. 10. Influences of DPCPX, glibenclamide, and diclofenac on the MPSS (modified physiologic salt solution)-induced dV/dt_{max} decreasing effects at various time points after MPSS superfusion in rat atrial preparations. The other legends are the same as in the Fig. 9.

고찰

가

(hypoxia)

가가

(lactate)

(metabolic acidosis),

(hypoxia),

가,

catecholamine

(MPSS) cyclooxygenase diclofenac MPSS APD₉₀
 DPCPX MPSS APD₉₀
 5, 10, 20 가
 MPSS, MPSS MPSS 10 가
 glibenclamide MPSS 5 APD₉₀
 10
 50% APD₉₀ dV/dt_{max} 20 APD₉₀ di-
 clofenac 20 APD₉₀
 adenosine ATP- 가
 MPSS
 dV/dt_{max} dV/dt_{max}가
 가 DPCPX, gliben-
 clamide diclofenac 25-27) 가 가
 23)가 24)가
 10 mM in vitro
 가 (superfusion)
 in vivo
 MPSS 가 MPSS 28-30) 8
 가 15 mM
 MPSS APD₉₀
 Tyrode (NP- APD₉₀
 SS) K_{ATP} prosta-
 glandin
 NPSS
 요 약
 가
 , adenosine DPCPX, K_{ATP} 연구배경 :
 glibenclamide

Tyrodine bath (modified physiologic salt solution = MPSS) (conventional microelectrode technique)

가

결 과 :

(maximum diastolic potential ; MDP) MPSS

()

MPSS

(action potential amplitude ; APA) ,

MPSS

MPSS . Phase

0 (dV/dt_{max})

MPSS MPSS

MPSS 가

MPSS

90% (action pote -

ntial duration ; APD₉₀) MPSS

MPSS

가

MPSS

MPSS 10

가

MPSS dV/dt_{max} APD₉₀

50%

MPSS APD₉₀ dV/dt_{max}

MPSS NPSS

DPCPX (2 × 10⁻⁶ M)

MPSS 5 , 10 20 APD₉₀

K_{ATP}

glibenclamide (10⁻⁶ M) 10 20 ,

cyclooxygenase diclofenac (10⁻⁶ M)

20 APD₉₀

결 론 :

K_{ATP} ,

prostaglandin

중심 단어 : Tyrodine

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