

## Adenosine부하 심근관류스캔의 안전성

김정균 · 안병철 · 천경아 · 현동우 · 이영학 · 배선근 · 곽동석 · 황진용\*  
조용근\* · 채성철\* · 전재은\* · 박의현\* · 조인호\*\* · 이재태 · 이규보

= Abstract =

## Safety Profile of Adenosine Myocardial Perfusion Imaging

Jeong Gyoon Kim, M.D., Byeong Cheol Ahn, M.D., Kyung Ah Chun, M.D.,  
Dong Woo Hyun, M.D., Young Hak Lee, M.D., Sun Geun Bae, M.D.,  
Dong Suck Kwak, M.D., Jin Yong Hwang, M.D.,\* Young Keun Cho, M.D.,\*  
Shung Chull Chae, M.D.,\* Jae Eun Jun, M.D.,\* Wee Hyun Park, M.D.,\*  
In Ho Cho, M.D.,\*\* Jaetae Lee, M.D., Kyu Bo Lee, M.D.

*Departments of Nuclear Medicine & Internal Medicine,\*  
Kyungpook National University Hospital, Taegu, Korea*

*Department of Nuclear Medicine,\*\* Youngnam University Hospital, Taegu, Korea*

**Background :** Myocardial perfusion scintigraphy with intravenous adenosine has proved efficacy for the diagnosis and risk stratification of coronary artery disease. To determine the safety of adenosine infusion in conjunction with radionuclide imaging, we evaluated pro-spectively 1,093 patients who underwent myocardial perfusion study.

**Methods :** Informations on safety and adverse events during and immediately after adenosine infusion were collected and statistical analysis was performed.

**Results :** The adverse events were reported in 730 patients(66.8%), but no death or myocardial infarction. These adverse events were well tolerated and no prolonged effect was noted. Chest pain occurred in 223 patients(20.4%) and facial flushing and dyspnea were reported by 246 patients(22.5%) and 253 patients(23.1%), respectively. ECG changes, such as mild arrhythmia, ST depression and AV block were checked in 230 patients(21.0%). The infusion was prematurely terminated in 32 patients(2.9%), due to severe chest pain, severe brochospasm, or third degree AV block. Higher frequency of chest pain was reported in women compare to men ( $p < 0.05$ ), and ST segment depression was more frequent in patients with abnormal myocardial perfusion scintigraphic findings( $p < 0.05$ ).

**Conclusion :** These results demonstrate that intravenous infusion of adenosine is relatively safe, and myocardial perfusion scintigraphy with intravenous adenosine is feasible technique in the evaluation of the coronary artery disease patients unable to exercise.

**KEY WORDS :** Adenosine stress testing · Safety · Side effects · Coronary artery disease.

서 론

adenosine

, adenosine

가

, adenosine

1).

대상 및 방법

가

1. 대 상

1991 5 1995 10

adenosine

가

1,093

(56.2%), 478 (43.7%)

58

76%

가

가 21%

80mmHg

2,3).

가 가

4,5).

dipyridamole 가

, dipyridamole 가

가 6,7). Ade -

nosine

10

adenosine

8,9).

adenosine dipyridamole

가

4),

가

가

가 10,12).

adenosine

가 13).

1. 대 상

1991 5 1995 10

adenosine

가 615

(56.2%), 478 (43.7%)

58

76%

가

가 21%

80mmHg

2

1

78%가 nitr -

ate

, 75%

**Table 1.** Characteristics of 1,093 patients

Age(year)	18 - 87
Gender	
Male	615(56.2%)
Female	478(43.7%)
Reason for examination	
Chest pain	831 (76.0%)
Evaluation after MI	230(21.0%)
Arrhythmia	33( 3.0%)
Medication	
Nitrates	852(78.0%)
Aspirin	820(75.0%)
Calcium channel blocker	503(46.0%)
Beta blocker	426(39.0%)
Combined diseases	
Hypertension	100(36.6%)
Diabetes mellitus	77( 7.0%)

Numbers in parentheses represent percentage

aspirin , 46%  
, 39% beta (Table 1).

## 2. 방 법

### 1) Adenosine 부하

. Adenosine  
adenosine(Sigma, St. Louis, U.  
S.A) 3mg/ml  
. Adenosine  
0.14mg/kg/ (Terumo Co.,  
Japan) 6  
3 <sup>99m</sup>Tc - MIBI 20mCi 201TI - chloride  
2mCi  
nitrate adenosine ami -  
nophylline .

### 2) 부작용의 기록 및 심전도의 분석

Adenosine  
adenosine , 4 , 1  
, , , aden -  
osine  
. adenosine  
adenosine  
. 12 lead  
, J - point 80msec ST  
1mm ST  
,

### 3) 통계적 분석

398  
,  
, 가 50%  
, 가  
, , 2 3 , ST  
adenosine  
. SPSS - PC<sup>+</sup>  
(version 4.0) , Student  
t - test p<0.05 가

## 결 과

### 1. Adenosine투여에 따른 부작용

1,093 66.8% adenosine  
가  
, adenosine  
가  
,  
가 223 (20.4%)  
41 (3.8%)  
,  
adenosine 1 2  
가 253 (23.1%) 가  
가 246 (22.5%),  
180 (16.5%),  
가 130 (11.9%) (Table 2).  
230 (21.0%)  
61 (6.6%), ST  
57 (5.2%), 109 (10.0%)  
. 109 가 , 1 57  
(52.3%), 2 25 (22.9%), 3  
10 (9.2%) (Table 3). 2  
adenosine 1 6  
, (106 )

**Table 2.** Side Effects of adenosine in 1,093 patients

Side effects	No. of patients
Cardiac	
Chest pain	223(20.4%)
Palpitation	41( 3.8%)
ECG changes	230(21.0%)
Non-cardiac	
Facial flushing	246(22.5%)
Dyspnea	253(23.1%)
Headache	180(16.5%)
Sore throat	130(11.9%)
Any side effects	730(66.8%)

Numbers in parentheses represent percentage

**Table 3.** ECG Changes by adenosine infusion in 1,093 patients

ECG types	No. of patients
PAC or PVC	61 ( 6.6%)
ST segment depression	57 ( 5.2%)
AV Block	109(10.0%)
First degree AV block	57 ( 5.2%)
Second degree AV block	25( 2.3%)
Third degree AV block	10( 0.9%)
Total number	230(21.0%)

Numbers in parentheses represent percentage

**Table 4.** Causes of early termination of adenosine infusion

Cause	No. of patients
Severe chest pain	24(2.2%)
Severe dyspnea with wheezing	5(0.5%)
Third degree AV block	3(0.3%)
Total number	32(2.9%)

Numbers in parentheses represent percentage

adenosine 3 3  
adenosine .  
2. Adenosine 주입 중단 및 aminophylline  
의 투여  
1,093 32 (2.9%)  
6 adenosine . Ade -  
nosine  
가 24 가 ,  
5 ,  
3 3 (Table 4).  
adenosine  
10  
9 (0.8%) adenosine  
aminophylline .  
3. 위험인자들에 따른 부작용의 분석  
가 398

**Table 5.** Analysis of side eEffects according to multiple variables

	2 ° & 3 ° AVB	ST dep	Chest pain	ET
Age				
> 55[n=239]	7(2.9)	9(3.6)	34(14.2)	13(5.0)
55[n=159]	3(1.9)	3(1.9)	19(11.9)	9(4.4)
Sex				
Male[n=207]	4(1.9)	4(1.9)	20(9.7)*	5(2.4)**
Female[n=191]	6(3.1)	8(4.2)	33(17.3)*	17(8.9)**
Scan				
Normal[n=225]	7(3.1)	1(0.4)*	29(13.7)	12(5.5)
Abnormal[n=173]	3(1.7)	9(5.2)*	24(13.9)	10(5.8)
1 Vs ds[n=127]	2(1.6)	5(3.9)	17(13.9)	8(6.3)
2 Vs ds[n=34]	1(2.9)	4(11.8)	6(17.6)	2(5.9)
3 Vs ds[n=12]	0(0.0)	0(0.0)	1(8.3)	0(0.0)
Angiography				
Normal[n=11]	0(0.0)	0(0.0)	4(36.4)	1(9.1)
Abnormal[n=32]	2(6.9)	3(9.4)	5(15.6)	1(3.4)
LVEF(%)				
> 50[n=48]	1(2.1)	0(0.0)	3(6.3)	1(2.1)
50[n=36]	0(0.0)	0(0.0)	0(0.0)	1(3.4)
Resting ECG				
Normal[n=192]	4(2.1)	4(2.1)	28(14.6)	13(6.8)
Abnormal[n=206]	6(3.9)	8(3.9)	25(12.1)	9(4.4)

Numbers in parentheses represent percentage, n : number of patients, 2 ° & 3 ° AVB : second and third degree AV block, ST dep : ST segment depression, ET : early termination of adenosine infusion, Vs ds : vessel disease, LVEF : left ventricular ejection fraction \* : p<0.05, \*\* : p<0.01

2 가 , , ST 1mm 가 가 , dipyridamole , adenosine 가 17). Dipyridamole Table. 5 . adenosine 가 ST 가 4 (p<0.05), 20 40 18,19), ad - (p<0.05), enosine adenylate cyclase 가 , 55 10 가 20,21). adenosine mole adenosine , dipyrida - (p<0.001), 가 , aminophylline , ST , adenosine . Dipyridamole . 2 가 . Ranhosky 6) 3, 911 dipyridamole 1,820 (46.5%) 3 , 10 (0.26%) 고 찰 , , . Picano 22) 9,122 dipyridamole 1 2 , Lette 23) 73,806 7 13 가 . , 1995 FDA 가 가 adenosine dipyridamole , aminophylline di - 10). Gould 14,15) dipyrida - mole 201TI - chloride , pyrid - amole . Cerqueira 11) , 9,256 , adenosine Verani 16) Baylor adenosine , 1 , 45% . Martin 24) dipyridamole adenosine

adenosine 100% ST ST

dipyrid - amole 88% 가 . 가

dipyridamole , adenosine 15,29)

adenosine adenosine ade -

nosine

66.8%

32 (2.9%) adenosine 24 가 가

가 3 3 . 9 (0.8%) 11,30)

aminophylline 가 . Cerqu - Adenosine

eira 11) 7% 가

adenosine , adenosine

aminophylline adenosine

, 0.8%

가

adenosine 가 140ug/kg

adenosine 가 31)

가 11), dipyridamole 1,093 10%

가 가 25) 2

가 , adenosine

Sylen 26) ade -

nosine

가 . Adenosine

가 가 가 요 약

11)가 ,

연구배경 :

adenosine

ST 가

. Nishimura 27) adenosine adeno -

sine dipyridamole

ST 가 .

가 , 28) ad - adenosine 가

adenosine

방 법 :  
1991 5 1995 10

1,093

adenosine . Ade -  
nosine 6 ,  
4 1 ,

결 과 :  
Adenosine 66.8%  
가

가 adenosine  
20.4% , 3.8%  
, ST ,  
21.0% .  
23.1% 가  
, (22.5%), (16.5%),  
(11.9%) .  
3 2.8% adenosine  
aminophylline 가  
0.8% .  
가 (p<0.05,  
p<0.001),  
ST (p<0.05).

결 론 :  
Adenosine

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