

# 심혈관계 부작용을 보이는 생약재

## Medicinal Herbs can Cause Cardiovascular Side Effects

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### Abstract

The concerns about the safety issues of medicinal herbs are increasing. There are typical medicinal herbs that affect the cardiovascular system such as digitalis and aconitium. Digitalis is one of the main drugs in use to manage a heart disease under the controlled safety and effectiveness. On the contrary, the Aconitium plant's roots are potentially poisonous and can cause serious complex ventricular arrhythmias and fatalities due to their low safety margin. However, the herb has been used in traditional Chinese medicine mainly to treat musculoskeletal disorders, without any safety control. Natural products including herbs derived from plants are not always safe. The use of medicinal herbs needs medical validation in terms of their safety and effectiveness through a scientific inspection and strict standardization for the quality control. Therefore it is urgent to initiate a nation - wide reporting system to timely document any side effects from medicinal herbs adversely affecting the public health.

**Keywords :** Medicinal herb; Cardiovascular; Side effects

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(Digitalis glycoside, , 洋地黄;  
Digitalis purpurea Linne)

1640  
, 1650  
. 1775 William  
Withering 가  
163

가 가 가 , 0.75 ~ 1.0mg 24  
 1785 , 1783 Edinburgh (1, 2).  
 . Digitalis purpurea cardiac glucosides  
 가 , GMP  
 Withering 가  
 1807 Westouches 가 ,  
 가 , 1871 Nativelle ,  
 digitoxin , 가 .  
 digitalis  
 (recrystallisation) ,  
 bio - assay 가  
 Na Na, K - ATPase (草烏, , , Aconitum  
 Na 가 가 jaluense Komarov) (Ranuncula-  
 Na - Ca 가 가 ceae) (草烏屬, Aconitum)  
 가 , 가 가  
 (Aconitum ciliare) 가 ,  
 가 . (3, 4).  
 가 (烏頭類) (草  
 가 , (烏頭), (川烏頭) , 가  
 (Aconitum ciliare), (Aconitum jalu-  
 ense), (Aconitum Kusnezofitii) 40  
 (附子, Aconitum  
 Carmichaeli Debx)가 (3~5).  
 aconitum (Aconitum jaluense),  
 (Aconitum triphyllum), (Aconitum chisanese)  
 aconitum 가  
 1.0 ~ 1.4ng/ml .  
 1.25 ~ 1.50mg 24 6 ~ 8

645.3 , LD50가  
aconitum 0.12mg/kg, 5.97mg/kg

(6, 7). Aconitum ,  
(Aconitum triphyllum) (16).  
atisin, hetisine, higenamide, lucidusculine  
, aconitine . Aconitine  
가 . Aconitium , 가  
Aconitum car- (17). aconitine  
michaeli , benzylaconitine  
, , 가, 90% .  
가 가 , 가  
, (18, 19). 가 aconitine  
, , , 8~12g ,  
(6). 1.5~3g (20).  
, 70% (21).  
, , ,  
, , 가  
(8, 9). 2000 가 .  
,  
(10)  
, ,  
(11~ , 가 .  
15). , ,  
, ,  
,  
가 aconitine  
(C19 - diterpenoid alkaloids: C20H32) aconitine, (14, 15, 22).  
mesaconitine, hypaconitine, jesaconitine , Aconitine ,

가  $\text{Na}^+$  ,  $\text{Na}^+$  가 , Tai 23  
 , 5 amiodarone  
 가 (30).  
 , bretylium, flecainide  
 (31).  
 ,  $\text{Na}^+ - \text{Ca}^{2+}$  가 (32)  
 $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  가 .  
 , triggered activity 가  
 (25~27). Aconitine PR . 가  
 가 , aconitine .  
 , aconitine 가  
 , , 가 .  
 (12). 2001  
 (Lipobay , Cerivastatin) gem-  
 fibrozil (rhabdomyolysis)  
 가 Bayer  
 , 2004  
 (VIOXX , rofecoxib)  
 가  
 Merck & Co., Inc.가  
 . COX2  
 1999  
 (22), 8 4 , 2003  
 24 가 . 25  
 .  
 (FDA)  
 ,  
 , 가  
 (29).

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(The absence of evidence is not the evidence of absence).

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