

폐쇄성 뇌허파 질환의 내과적 치료

Medical Treatment of Ischemic Stroke

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Abstract

Stroke ranks as one of the leading causes of death and the most common cause of permanent disability in adults in Korea. Timely recognition and treatment is imperative to reduce stroke - related morbidity and mortality. Patients with acute ischemic stroke should be evaluated for intravenous thrombolysis with recombinant tissue - plasminogen activator (rt - PA); antiplatelet drugs can be administered to those who do not qualify for rt - PA therapy. Adequate hydration and correction of possible hypoxia are necessary, and hyperglycemia and fever should be treated aggressively. Blood pressure management should be individualized on the basis of stroke pathophysiology. It is important to prevent and manage complications of acute stroke, such as pneumonia, urinary tract infection, bed sore, deep vein thrombosis, and joint contracture. Meticulous evaluation of etiology of ischemic stroke can determine the most appropriate acute management and would guide the secondary prevention of stroke.

Keywords : Ischemic stroke; Thrombolysis; Antiplatelet; Anticoagulation; Secondary prevention

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(1).

CT	MRI
<p>1. Normal</p> <p>2. Abnormal</p>	<p>1. Normal</p> <p>2. Abnormal</p>

. MRI가 CT

(stroke unit)

가

Age 18 years

Diagnosis of ischemic stroke causing a potentially disabling neurological deficit

Reliable onset of symptoms less than 3 h prior to i.v. administration of rt - PA

Initial CT brain imaging showing no signs of recent ischemia or early infarct signs no larger than 1= 3 of the middle cerebral artery territory

No rapidly improving neurological deficits

No seizures at onset of stroke

No stroke or serious head injury in the previous 3 months

No major surgical procedure within the preceding 14 days

No gastrointestinal or urinary bleeding within the preceding 21 days

No recent myocardial infarction

No history or current signs of intracranial hemorrhage

Pretreatment blood pressure : systolic 185 mmHg, diastolic 110 mmHg

Normal coagulation profile : INR 1.7, PTT in normal range, platelet count 100,000/mm³

Blood glucose 50 mg/dL and 400 mg/dL

Emergent ancillary care and facilities available during patient monitoring to handle possible bleeding complications

Potential treatment risk and benefit discussed with patient and/or family

 $(-1)(3, 5).$

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aspirin
(8),
aspirin 24 ,
ADP ,
clopidogrel 가 가 ,
, clopidogrel(1 75 mg) aspirin(1 325 (15).
mg) 가 가,
가 CT MRI
(9). clopidogrel aspirin 가 .
MATCH trial
clopidogrel .
1 ℃ 가
가 2 가 (16).
가
(12, 13). 가
가
(6). 가
nadroparin 48 가 가 (12), 가 130 mmHg ; 220 mmHg (13, 14). ; 110 mmHg)
rt - PA nitroglycerin(10 mg 5 mg), clonidine(0.075 mg), labetalol(1~2 10 mg 10 150 mg
(5).

), sodium nitroprusside(
0.5 ~ 10 μ g/kg/min)

, aspirin slow - releasing dipyridamole
(Aggrenox)

가

가

mannitol glycerol

30 ~ 35 mmHg

carbamazepine phenytoin

가

가

가

가

가

가

가

, 가가

가가

(, , , , ,)

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aspirin (1 50 ~ 325 mg)

ADP

clopidogrel(1 75 mg)

가

가 ADP

ticlopidine 1%

가

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