

CT : 1

. . . 2

: CT 가

: 12 CT 30 CT

, CT ( , , , )

: 30 25 35 가 , 7

7 ( , 가 CT ) ,

: 가 CT ,

가 , CT

(6, CT

가 (1-5), 11-12). 가 ,

가 ,

CT

CT가

(6-9). , Tc-99m DMSA , CT

1994 9 1995 12 364 CT 1

10 ( 5 ) 30 CT

12 12 CT

가

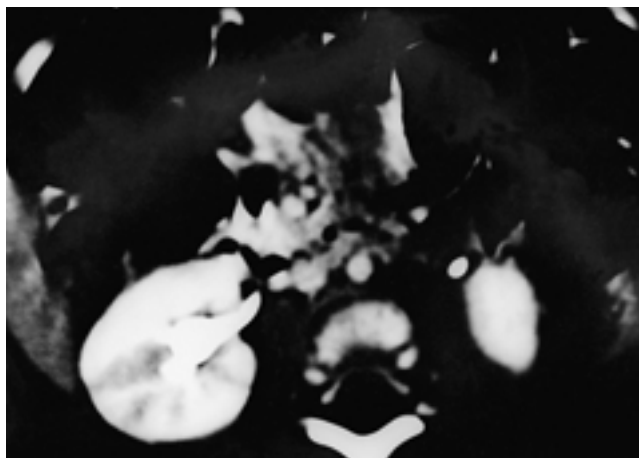
가 37.3 ,

(10). CT 가 , 가 10 15000/mm<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> 10<sup>5</sup> colony - forming units/ml

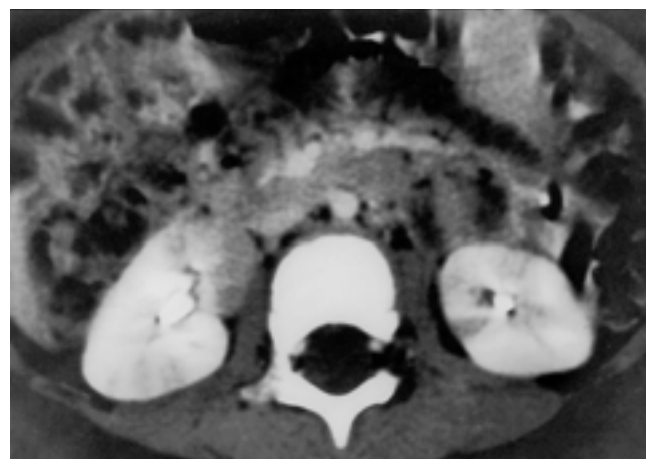
<sup>2</sup>

CT  
5  
(Ultravist  
300, ) Kg 2 cc  
5 mm CT (GE9800 Highlight  
Advanced, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, U.S.A.)  
CT  
가  
CT  
, CT  
12 , 18  
, 25  
, 5 가  
(voiding cystourethrography)  
13 - , 17  
CT  
, ( ), ( ) 2  
가 2  
CT 3  
(group) , I  
, II  
가 , III  
II  
III A, B, C  
A 1-5 , B 6-10 , C 11  
가  
가



**Fig. 1.** CT pattern IIA in a 3 month-old-boy who had fever for 3 days with 39 , and 9 days of admission periods. Postcontrast CT demonstrates multiple linear and wedge shaped hypoenhancing lesions in the mid portion of the right kidney.

CT  
5  
( ),  
가  
0 4 가 0, 5 9  
1, 10 29 2 , 30  
3  
CT  
3  
6  
CT  
가  
SPSS program(version 9.0, SPSS Inc.  
Chicago, Illinois, U.S.A.) . 3 6  
ANOVA  
chi - square test CT  
square test CT , p value가 0.05 가  
30 , 25 ( 15 , 10 ) 35  
가  
CT  
I 5 , II 18 IIA (Fig. 1) 8 , IIB  
(Fig. 2) 7 , IIC 3 , III 7 IIIA  
4 , IIIB (Fig. 3) 3 (Table 1).



**Fig. 2.** CT pattern IIB in a 3 year-old-boy who had fever for 3 days with 39.5 , and 11 days of admission periods. Postcontrast CT shows multiple linear and wedge shaped hypoenhancing lesions in both kidneys, which resolved completely without cortical scar on 4 month follow-up CT scan (not shown here).

CT

(1 - 5, 15 - 17).

(I, II III)

, I II III

(p=0.000)(Table 2).

(cast)

( ) (IIA - IIIC)

가

CT가 12 ( 7 , 5 )

17 8 IIA가 1 , IIB가

2 , IIC가 1 , IIIA가 2 , IIIB (Fig. 4)가 2 ,

9 IIA가 8 , IIB가 1 . IIIA

IIIB

(p=0.029)(Table 3).

가

가 ,

(1, 13, 14).

가 가

50 - 60%

1

**Table 1.** CT Patterns in Acute Pyelonephritis

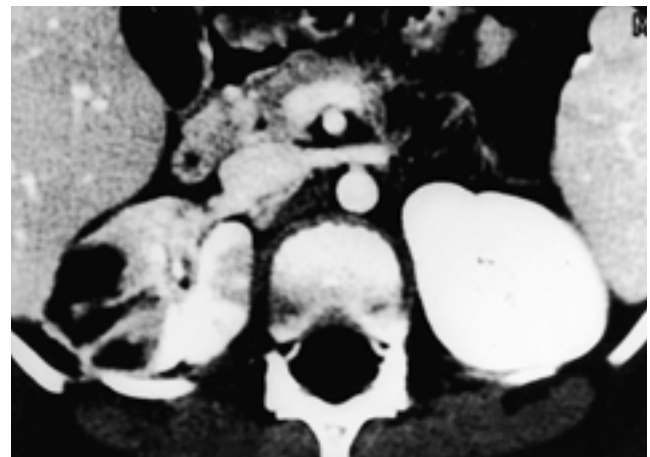
CT patterns	No (%)
Group I	5 (17)
Group II	18 (60)
IIA	8 (27)
IIB	7 (23)
IIC	3 (10)
Group III	7 (23)
IIIA	4 (13)
IIIB	3 (10)
IIIC	-

(No: number of patients)

**Table 2.** Clinical Parameters in Acute Pyelonephritis: Correlation with CT Patterns

	Maximal body temperature ( )	Fever duration (day)	Leukocytosis ( $\times 10^3/\text{mm}^3$ )	Admission period (day)
Group I (N=5)	36.9 $\pm$ 0.5	0.6 $\pm$ 0.2	11.5 $\pm$ 1.0	7.4 $\pm$ 1.7
Group II (N=18)	38.7 $\pm$ 0.8	2.1 $\pm$ 0.2	19.7 $\pm$ 1.5	9.6 $\pm$ 0.5
Group III (N=7)	39.2 $\pm$ 0.7	3.1 $\pm$ 0.6	22.6 $\pm$ 2.9	16.9 $\pm$ 2.0
p-value	0.000	0.000	0.109	0.000
(ANOVA between group I, II and III)				

(N: number of patients)

**Fig. 3.** CT pattern IIIB in a 7 year-old-boy who had fever for 5 days with 39.4 , and 21days of admission periods. Postcontrast CT shows multiple linear and wedge hypoenhancing lesions with abscess formation in the right kidney.**Fig. 4.** Follow-up CT of Figure 3 after 8 months demonstrates near complete resolution of parenchymal lesions but, atrophy of right kidney due to cortical scars.



10. Gold R, McClennan B, Rottenberg R. CT appearance of acute inflammatory disease of the renal interstitium. *AJR Am J Roentgenol* 1983;141:343-349
11. Tsugaya M, Hirao N, Sakagami H, et al. Computerized tomography in acute pyelonephritis: the clinical correlations. *J Urol* 1990; 144: 611-613
12. . . . . CT  
1997;36:313-318
13. Soulen M, Fishman E, Goldmann S, et al. Bacterial renal infection: Role of CT. *Radiology* 1989;171:703-707
14. Elkin M. Renal cysts and abscesses. *Curr Probl Radiol* 1975;5:51-56
15. Jakobsson B, Soderlundh S, Berg U. Diagnostic significance of 99mTc-DMSA scintigraphy in urinary tract infection. *Arch Dis Child* 1992;67:1338-42
16. Benador D, Benador N, Slosman DO, Nussle D, Mermillod B, Girardin E. Cortical scintigraphy in the evaluation of parenchymal change in children with pyelonephritis. *J Pediatr* 1994;124:17-20
17. Soulen M, Fishman E, Goldmann S. Sequelae of acute renal infections: CT evaluation. *Radiology* 1989;173:423-426
18. Talner L, Davidson A, Lebowitz R, et al. Acute pyelonephritis: can we agree on terminology? *Radiology* 1994;192:297-305

J Korean Radiol Soc 2001;44:257 - 261

## CT Findings of Acute Pyelonephritis in Children: Correlation with Clinical Manifestations<sup>1</sup>

Jeong Kyong Lee, M.D., Sun Wha Lee, M.D., Jung Eun Kim, M.D., Seung Joo Lee, M.D.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Radiology, Ewha Womans University

<sup>2</sup>Department of Pediatrics, Ewha Womans University

**Purpose:** The purpose of this study was to evaluate the CT findings of acute pyelonephritis (APN) in children and to assess the correlation between these findings, clinical parameters and renal scar development, as seen on follow-up CT scans.

**Materials and Methods:** Contrast-enhanced CT scans of thirty children in whom APN had been diagnosed were assigned to one of three groups according to whether an abscess had formed, and then to subgroups on the basis of the number of lesions in the renal parenchyme. Initial CT findings were retrospectively correlated with five clinical parameters (maximal body temperature, fever duration, leukocytosis, pyuria and admission period) and renal scar development, as seen on follow-up CT (n = 12).

**Results:** CT scans demonstrated linear, wedge-shaped, low-density renal parenchymal lesions in 35 kidneys of 25 patients and abscesses in seven kidneys of seven patients, but no abnormal lesions in five patients. In the three groups there was correlation between these findings and some clinical parameters (maximal body temperature, fever duration and admission period), but no subgroup showed significant correlation with any clinical parameter. Renal cortical scars detected by follow-up CT were more prevalent in patients in whom initial CT demonstrated the presence of an abscess.

**Conclusion:** Clinical parameters correlated with the presence of renal parenchymal hypoenhancing lesions and abscess formation, as seen on CT scans, rather than the number of renal parenchymal lesions. Renal cortical scars were more prevalent in patients in whom initial CT revealed the presence of an abscess. Enhanced CT is thought to be useful both for diagnosing APN and for predicting its clinical course in children.

**Index words :** Kidney, inflammation  
Kidney, CT  
Children, genitourinary system

Address reprint requests to : Sun Wha Lee, M.D., Department of Radiology, Ewha Womans University Mokdong Hospital,  
911-1, Mok-dong Yangcheon-gu, Seoul 158-710, Korea.  
Tel. 82-2-650-5027 Fax. 82-2-2644-3362

<b>2001 / 10 / 21 - 25</b> <b>AFSUMB, 6th Meeting of the Asian Federation of Societies for Ultrasound in Medicine and Biology</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging Ultrasound Medicine Biology</li> <li>• Location: Kuala Lumpur Malaysia</li> <li>• Contact: Malaysian Soc. of Ultrasound in Medicine, c-o Jalan Univ., Radiology Dept., 59100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia</li> <li>• Fax: (03) 758-1973</li> <li>• E-Mail: basrij@medicine.med.um.edu</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.msum.org.my</li> </ul>	<b>2002 / 3 / 10 - 13</b> <b>AIUM, American Institute of Ultrasound in Medicine 46th Annual Convention</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging Ultrasound</li> <li>• Location: Nashville Tennessee USA</li> <li>• Contact: Amer. Inst. of Ultrasound in Medicine, Professional Development Dept., 14750 Sweitzer Lane, Suite 100, Laurel, MD 20707-5906, USA</li> <li>• Phone: (301) 498-4100 Countryphone: + 1</li> <li>• Fax: (301) 498-4450</li> <li>• E-Mail: conv_edu@aium.org</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.aium.org</li> </ul>
<b>2001 / 10 / 22 - 28</b> <b>11th World Congress on Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Fertility Control/Hormone Therapy Obstetrics/Gynecology Imaging Ultrasound</li> <li>• Location: Melbourne Australia</li> <li>• Contact: ICMS Australia Pty. Ltd., 82 Merivale Street, South Bank, Queensland 4101, Australia</li> <li>• Phone: (07) 3844-1138 Countryphone: + 61</li> <li>• Fax: (07) 3844-0909</li> <li>• E-Mail: 11wcuong@icms.com.au</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.icms.com.au</li> </ul>	<b>2002 / 3 / 18 - 22</b> <b>SCBT-MR, 25th Annual Meeting of the Society for Computed Body Tomography and Magnetic Resonance</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging X-Ray Magnetic Resonance Imaging</li> <li>• Location: Charleston South Carolina: Charleston Place USA</li> <li>• Contact: Soc. f. Computed Body Tomography, Matrix Meetings, P.O. Box 1026, Rochester, MN 55903-1026, USA</li> <li>• Phone: (507) 288-5620 Countryphone: + 1</li> <li>• Fax: (507) 288-0014</li> </ul>
<b>2001 / 11 / 25 - 30</b> <b>87th Meeting of the Radiological Society of North America (RSNA)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging X-Ray</li> <li>• Location: Chicaco USA</li> <li>• Contact: Michael P. O`Connell, Director Meetings and Convention Services, 2021 Spring Road, Suite 600, Oak Brook, IL 60521, USA</li> <li>• E-Mail: reginfo@rsna.org</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.rsna.org/</li> </ul>	<b>2002 / 4 / 6 - 11</b> <b>SCVIR, Society of Cardiovascular &amp; Interventional Radiology Annual Scientific Meeting</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Medicine Cardiology Vascular Diseases Imaging X-Ray</li> <li>• Location: Baltimore Maryland: Baltimore Convention Center USA</li> <li>• Contact: SCVIR, Mary Birnie, 10201 Lee Hwy, Ste 500, Fairfax, VA 22030, USA</li> <li>• Phone: (703) 691-1805 Countryphone: + 1</li> <li>• Fax: (703) 691-1855</li> <li>• E-Mail: info@scvir.org</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.scvir.org</li> </ul>
<b>2002 / 3 / 3 - 8</b> <b>ECR 2002, European Congress of Radiology</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging X-Ray</li> <li>• Location: Vienna Wien: Austria Center Wien Austria</li> <li>• Contact: ECR Office, Neutorgasse 9-2A, A-1010 Wien, Austria</li> <li>• Phone: (01) 533 4064 Countryphone: + 43</li> <li>• Fax: (01) 533 4064-9</li> <li>• E-Mail: office@ecr.org</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.ecr.org</li> </ul>	<b>2002 / 4 / 13 - 19</b> <b>SGR, 31st Annual Meeting and Postgraduate Course of the Society of Gastrointestinal Radiologists</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging X-Ray Medicine Gastroenterology</li> <li>• Location: Orlando Florida: Hyatt Grand Cypress USA</li> <li>• Contact: Soc. of Gastrointestinal Radiologists, Intl. Meeting Mgrs., K. Schmitt, 4550 Post Oak Place, Suite 342, Houston, TX 77027, USA</li> <li>• Phone: (713) 965-0566 Countryphone: + 1</li> <li>• Fax: (713) 960-0488</li> <li>• E-Mail: imm@earthlink.net</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.sgr.org</li> </ul>
<b>2002 / 3 / 7 - 10</b> <b>ASN, American Society of Neuroimaging 25th Annual Meeting</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging Medicine Neuroscience/Neurology</li> <li>• Location: Tampa Florida: Westin Innisbrook USA</li> <li>• Contact: Amer. Soc. of Neuroimaging, 5841 Cedar Lake Road, Suite 204, Minneapolis, MN 55416-1491, USA</li> <li>• Phone: (612) 545-6291 Countryphone: + 1</li> <li>• Fax: (612) 545-6073</li> <li>• E-Mail: theresalgr@cs.com</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.asnweb.org</li> </ul>	<b>2002 / 5 / 11 - 18</b> <b>ASNR, American Society of Neuroradiology 40th Annual Meeting</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Subject: Imaging X-Ray Nuclear Medicine Neuroscience/Neurology</li> <li>• Location: Vancouver British Columbia: Vancouver Trade &amp; Convention Canada</li> <li>• Contact: Amer. Soc. of Neuroradiology, Tim Moses, Lora Tannehill, 2210 Midwest Road, Suite 207, Oak Brook, IL 60523-8205, USA</li> <li>• Phone: (630) 574-0220 Countryphone: + 1</li> <li>• Fax: (630) 574-1740</li> <li>• E-Mail: meetings@asnr.org</li> <li>• Internet: http://www.asnr.org</li> </ul>